Kochi University of Technology Academic Resource Repository

| Title | Study on the quorum sensing mechanism in a marin e bacterium Pseudoalteromonas sp. 520P1 |
|---------------|---|
| Author(s) | DANG, Tran Hoang |
| Citation | 高知工科大学,博士論文. |
| Date of issue | 2015-09 |
| URL | http://hdl.handle.net/10173/1323 |
| Rights | |
| Text version | ETD |



Kochi, JAPAN http://kutarr.lib.kochi-tech.ac.jp/dspace/

Study on the quorum sensing mechanism in a marine bacterium *Pseudoalteromonas* sp. 520P1

DANG TRAN HOANG

A dissertation submitted to Kochi University of Technology in partial fulfillment of the requirements for the degree of

Doctor of Engineering

Graduate School of Engineering Kochi University of Technology Kochi, Japan

September, 2015

Study on the quorum sensing mechanism in a marine bacterium Pseudoalteromonas sp. 520P1 DANG TRAN HOANG

TABLE OF CONTENTS

| ABTRACT | 6 |
|---|----|
| ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS | 11 |
| CHAPTER I General Introduction | 12 |
| 1.1. Basics of quorum sensing systems | 12 |
| 1.2. Quorum sensing in Gram-negative bacteria | 13 |
| 1.2.1. LuxI/LuxR quorum sensing systems | 13 |
| 1.2.2. AHL synthase | 14 |
| 1.2.3 Transcriptional receptor protein LuxR | 17 |
| 1.2.4 Extra LuxR-type proteins | 19 |
| 1.2.5 AHL-degrading enzyme | 20 |
| 1.3. Violacein production and AHL-dependent quorum sensing | 22 |
| CHAPTER II Cloning the <i>luxI</i> gene from <i>Pseudoalteromonas</i> sp. 520P1 | |
| by degenerate PCR | 24 |
| 2.1. Introduction | 24 |
| 2.2. Materials and Methods | 24 |
| 2.2.1. GenBank/DDBJ accession numbers | 24 |
| 2.2.2. Baterial strains and reagents | 25 |
| 2.2.3. Homology comparison of LuxI family proteins | 25 |
| 2.2.4. Design of degenerate primers | 25 |
| 2.3. Results | 26 |
| 2.3.1. Divergence of LuxI family protein | 26 |
| 2.3.2. Conserved domain in LuxI family protein | 27 |
| 2.3.3. Degenerate PCR | 29 |

| 2.4. Discussion | 31 |
|--|-----|
| CHAPTER III Genome Sequencing of Pseudoalteromonas sp. 520P1 | No. |
| 412 | 32 |
| 3.1. Introduction | 32 |
| 3.2. Materials and Methods | 32 |
| 3.2.1. GenBank/DDBJ accession numbers | 32 |
| 3.2.2. Sequencing of the whole genome of strain 520P1 No. 412 | 33 |
| 3.2.3. Phylogenetic analysis | 33 |
| 3.3. Results | 33 |
| 3.3.1. <i>luxI</i> and <i>luxR</i> gene homologues in the genome of strain 520P1 | 33 |
| 3.3.2. Homology comparison of LuxI family proteins in strain 520P1 | |
| and reference strains | 35 |
| 3.3.3. Homology comparison of LuxR family proteins in strain 520P1 | |
| and reference strains | 37 |
| 3.4. Discussion | 41 |
| CHAPTER IV Cloning and expression of the Pall gene fr | om |
| Pseudoalteromonas sp. 520P1 in E. coli | 44 |
| 4.1. Introduction | 44 |
| 4.2. Materials and Methods | 44 |
| 4.2.1. Bacterial strains, growth conditions and plasmids | 44 |
| 4.2.2. Cloning of <i>pallI</i> gene of strain 520P1 No. 412 | 45 |
| 4.2.3. Construction of the expression plasmid for E. coli | 45 |
| 4.2.4. Expression of <i>palII</i> gene homologue | 46 |
| 4.2.5. Extraction of AHLs | 46 |

| 4.2.6. Plate assay of AHLs | 46 |
|--|-------|
| 4.2.7. TLC assay of AHLs | 47 |
| 4.3. Results | 47 |
| 4.3.1. Cloning of <i>pall</i> gene from strain 520P1 | 47 |
| 4.3.2. Expression of cloned <i>pall</i> gene in <i>E. coli</i> and detection | |
| of AHL activity | 48 |
| 4.3.3. Analysis of AHLs by TLC | 50 |
| 4.4. Discussion | 51 |
| CHAPTER V Genome sequencing of a variant of Pseudoalteromonal | s sp. |
| 520P1 | 52 |
| 5.1. Introduction | 52 |
| 5.2. Materials and Methods | 53 |
| 5.3. Results | |
| 5.3.1 Whole genome analysis of strain 520P1 No. 423 | 53 |
| 5.3.2 Comparison with the genome of strain 520P1 No. 412 | 53 |
| 5.4. Discussion | 53 |
| CHAPTER VI. Conclusions | 55 |
| REFERENCES | 56 |
| ABBREVIATIONS | 63 |
| APPENDIXES | 64 |
| REAGENTS PREPARATION | 88 |

ABSTRACT

Quorum sensing is a mechanism of intercellular bacterial communication in which specific signal molecules called autoinducers regulate the expression of genes for the production of secondary metabolites. Bacterial cells constitutively produce and respond to the autoinducers, depending on the bacterial density. In Gram-negative bacteria, autoinducers of quorum sensing systems are *N*-acylhomoserine lactones (AHLs). The AHL-based quorum sensing system was found for the first time in a marine bioluminescence bacterium *Vibrio fisheri*. This type of quorum sensing contains two main components. AHL synthase (usually known as LuxI or LuxI homologue) is responsible for AHL synthesis. The second component is a regulatory protein (usually known as LuxR or LuxR homologue) which binds to AHL and promotes transcription of the target gene.

Violacein, a purple pigment produced by several species of terrestrial and marine bacteria, is a secondary metabolite that possesses various biological properties, such as antibacterial, antiviral, antitrypanosomal and antitumor activities. These bioactive properties offer the possibility to use violacein for medical applications.

It has been reported that the violacein production of *Pseudoalteromonas* sp. 520P1 is regulated by *N*-acylhomoserine lactone-mediated quorum sensing. The gene cluster responsible for violacein biosynthesis in *Pseudoalteromonas* sp. 520P1 has also been characterized. However, the *luxI* gene and *luxR* gene in strain 520P1 have not been identified so far. Identification of these genes is crucial to extend our knowledge of the whole regulatory mechanism of the violacein biosynthesis in *Pseudoalteromonas* sp. 520P1. In this study, we investigated the protein components (LuxI and LuxR

homologues) of AHL-dependent quorum sensing system in *Pseudoalteromonas* sp. 520P1 and expressed the cloned *luxI* in *Escherichia coli*.

PART-I

Cloning the luxI gene from Pseudoalteromonas sp. 520P1 by degenerate PCR

Degenerate PCR method has been widely used to amplify DNA when only protein sequences of the genes of interest are identified, or the isolation of similar genes from related organisms is intended.

It has been reported that the LuxI family proteins (AHL synthases) have been found in more than 150 species of Proteobacteria. There is a great diversity among the AHL synthases in their production of AHLs. The sequence conservation between any two members of the AHL synthase family is typically greater than 40% similarity.

In this study, we used degenerate primers to amplify the partial of *luxI* gene of strain 520P1 based on the nucleotide sequences deduced from the conserved protein sequences between LuxIs from different bacterial strains.

The result of degenerate PCR indicated that the partial regions of *luxI* gene homologue in *Pseudoalteromonas* sp. 520P1 could not be amplified using degenerated primers. The reason for this failure might come from the low homology of LuxIs at nucleotide level. Therefore, to identify and characterize the *luxI* gene homologue in strain 520P1, it is essential to sequence the whole genome of *Pseudoalteromonas* sp. 520P1.

PART-II

Genome Sequencing of Pseudoalteromonas sp. 520P1 No. 412

The genome of strain 520P1 No. 412 was sequenced on an Illumina Hiseq 2000 system and one *luxI* and five *luxR* homologues were identified. Based on the amino acid

sequences, we characterized one LuxI and five LuxR protein homologues in *Pseudoalteromonas* sp. 520P1 named PalI and PalR1 to PalR5, respectively. The properties of PalI and five PalRs provided the basis for understanding the components of *N*-acylhomoserine lactone-dependent quorum sensing system in this marine bacterium.

We compared the amino acid sequence of PalI with those of LuxI homologues from different bacterial species. Based on the structure of EsaI, an AHL synthase well-defined using X-ray crystallography, we identified six amino acid regions that share significantly conserved homology in all aligned sequences. The results suggest that PalI is an AHL synthase and has a close relationship with LuxI from *Pseudoalteromonas atlantica* T6c among LuxI homologues in *Pseudoalteromonas*.

We identified five LuxR homologues (PalR1 to PalR5) in the genome of the strain 520P1, in which one pair of PalI and PalR3 were located adjacently on the scaffold 19. When compared with LuxRs from other *Pseudoalteromonas* species, all sequences shared low homology in the AHL-binding domain (N-terminus) but retained some conserved amino acid sequences in the DNA-binding domain (C-terminus). The divergence of N-terminal regions in LuxR homologues of strain 520P1 was consistent with the general characteristics of LuxR family proteins from different species, including *Pseudoalteromonas* species.

Among LuxR homologues of strain 520P1, we found PalR5 shared 74 % and 77 % homology with LuxRs from *Pseudoalteromonas citrea* DSM8771 and *Pseudoalteromonas luteoviolacea*, respectively. On the other hand, phylogenetic analysis showed that other LuxR homologues of strain 520P1, PalR1, PalR2, PalR3 and PalR4, were not in the same branch with PalR5 and phylogenetically separated from each other. The reason for this could be explained when we assume that palR genes have been acquired from different sources during the evolutionary process of *Pseudoalteromonas* sp. 520P1 probably by horizontal gene transfer. Since the cognate LuxI homologues of these PalRs except PalR3 have not been identified, it is most likely that they are LuxR solos. In the strain 520P1, these LuxR solos might respond to endogenous and exogenous signals produced by neighboring bacteria and then control a set of genes.

PART-III

Cloning and expression of the *Pall* gene from *Pseudoalteromonas* sp. 520P1 in *E. coli*

To examine whether the *palI* gene product indeed has AHL synthase activity, we tried to clone this gene and express in *E. coli* BL21 (DE3). We successfully cloned the *palI* gene and expressed in *E. coli* BL21 (DE3). Using AHL bioassay coupled to TLC plate, two types of AHL were detected in the extract of the expression culture of recombinant *E. coli* harboring *palI* gene. Two spots of AHL on the TLC plate were similar in mobility to those of strain 520P1 No. 412.

Bioassay of AHL on a TLC plate in this study demonstrated that PalI can produce in *E. coli* two types of AHL similar to those in strain 520P1. Therefore, possible involvement of PalI in the regulation of violacein synthesis in strain 520P1 is suggested if we can assume that PalI is the only AHL synthase in strain 520P1.

PART-IV

Genome sequencing of a variant of Pseudoalteromonas sp. 520P1

Pseudoalteromonas sp. 520P1 No. 423, a variant strain that was isolated from the culture of strain 520P1, has an ability of highly stable production under agitated culture conditions. In the previous study, it was also hypothesized that a mutation in the upstream

promotor region of violacein gene cluster in strain 520P1 No. 423 led to the production of violacein under agitated culture conditions. However, nucleotide sequencing showed that the upstream sequence of violacein gene cluster of strain 520P1 No. 423 was identical to that of the original strain 520P1 No. 412. Therefore, no mutation occurred in the upstream region of violacein gene cluster of strain 520P1 No. 423. To clarify the difference of *palI* and *palR* genes between strain 520P1 No. 412 and No. 423, we performed the genomic sequencing of strain 520P1 No. 423.

The results of partial genomic analysis between strain 520P1 No. 412 and No. 423 showed that no mutation existed in the nucleotide sequences of the *palI* and its promoter, five *palRs* and their promoters, violacein gene cluster and its promoter. Therefore, unique properties of strain 520P1 No. 423 in violacein production should be ascribed to the gene mutation that is not relevant to *palI*, *palRs* and violacein gene cluster.

To reveal the difference between strain 520P1 No. 412 and No. 423, we need to consider other possible reasons. One of them is the mutation in the sequences of AHL-degrading enzymes in strain 520P1 No. 423. There are two group of AHL-inactivating enzymes; AHL lactonases which hydrolyze the lactone ring in AHLs and AHL acylases which hydrolyze *N*-acyl bond and release a free homoserine lactone and a fatty acid. We suggest that the identification of these enzymes might clarify the ability of producing violacein under agitated culture conditions of strain 520P1 No. 423. **Keywords:** *Pseudoalteromonas*; violacein; *N*-acylhomoserine lactone; quorum sensing

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

First and foremost, I would like to express my sincerest gratitude to my supervisor, Prof. Keiichi Enomoto, for his guidance, caring and help me improve my knowledge in molecular biology and biochemistry. I appreciate all his contributions of time, ideas, and patience to make my research productive and stimulating. He has spent much time guiding me to approach research problems correctly and efficiently. I also wish to thank him for giving me the opportunity to study in Japan and experience Japanese life and culture.

For this dissertation I would like to thank my reading committee members: Associate Prof. Osamu Ariga, Associate Prof. Sakae Hosikawa, Prof. Kenzo Sato, Prof. Masaki Sazuka and Associate Prof. Yasunori Matsumoto for their constructive comments and suggestions in my research.

I would like to thank all members of the Prof. Enomoto's Lab for their help, support and friendship. Special thanks to Mr. Ryota Fujikawa, Ms. Tomomi Omosako, Mr. Kentarou Yotsumoto, Mr. Shinya Komatsu, Mr. Hideyuki Masuda for their warm collaborations during my research.

I gratefully acknowledge the funding source that made my PhD work possible. I was funded by the Special Scholarship Program of Kochi University of Technology (KUT) for 3-years Doctoral Course. I am grateful to staffs of International Relations Division (IRC) of KUT who kept us organized and was always ready to help.

Finally, I would like to thank my family for all their love and encouragement.

Dang Tran Hoang Kochi University of Technology September 2015

CHAPTER I

General Introduction

1.1 Basics of the Quorum Sensing System

Quorum sensing is a mechanism of intercellular bacterial communication in which specific signal molecules called autoinducers regulate the expression of genes for the production of secondary metabolites. Bacterial cells constitutively produce and respond to the autoinducers, depending on the bacterial density. This communication mechanism has been found in various bacterial strains. Autoinducers are produced in parallel with the growth of bacteria and then excreted by diffusion to the outside environment.

When the concentration of autoinducers reaches a critical level (usually mentioned as threshold level), they bind to receptor proteins to become the complexes of autoinducer and receptor protein. These complex then bind to specific DNA region that located very near the region of corresponding target genes. Consequently, this interaction results in the transcription of target genes and helps bacteria to respond to the changes of their living environment (Miller and Bassler 2001; Ng and Bassler 2009; Galloway et al. 2011).

It has been proven that bacteria use quorum sensing to control certain types of phenotypic effects such as biofilm formation, virulence, and antibiotic resistance etc. Quorum sensing is not just a control mechanism involving many functional processes in the cells of bacteria, it also occurs between bacteria of the same species and between different species of bacteria.

Autoinducers of quorum sensing systems derive from different sources. In general, signaling molecules are oligopeptides in Gram-positive bacteria, *N*-acylhomoserine

lactones (AHLs) in Gram-negative bacteria, and autoinducer-2 (AI-2), a new group of autoinducers recently identified and characterized, in both Gram-negative and Gram-positive bacteria (Miller and Bassler 2001).

1.2 Quorum Sensing in Gram-negative bacteria

1.2.1 LuxI/LuxR quorum sensing systems

In Gram-negative bacteria, signal molecules of quorum sensing systems are *N*-acylhomoserine lactones (AHLs) (McClean et al. 1997; Morohoshi et al. 2010).

The AHL-based quorum sensing system was found for the first time in a marine bioluminescence bacterium *Vibrio fisheri* (Miller and Bassler 2001). This type of quorum sensing contains two main components. The first is an AHL synthase (usually known as LuxI or LuxI homologue) is responsible for AHL synthesis. LuxI catalyzes the enzymatic reaction to form AHLs using acyl-CoA derivatives as the main acyl chain donor and S-adenosylmethionine (SAM) as the source for the homoserine lactone moiety via an acyl carrier protein (Hanzelka et al. 1996; Williams 2007; Churchill and Chen 2011; Decho et al. 2011).



Fig.1 Enzymatic reaction catalyzed by LuxI (Fast and Tipton 2012)

The second component of AHL-based quorum sensing systems is a regulatory protein (usually known as LuxR or LuxR homologue) which promotes transcription of the target gene.

LuxI and LuxR homologues have been found in various Gram-negative bacteria with a diversity of different AHLs. In general, *luxI* and *luxR* homologue genes exist in cognate pairs in which LuxR only bind to AHL molecule synthesized by cognate LuxI (Lerat and Moran 2004; Galloway et al. 2011).

At present, more than 70 different Gram-negative bacteria have been reported to possess the LuxI/LuxR-type quorum sensing system (Czajkowski and Jafra 2009).

1.2.2 AHL synthase

Biosynthesis of AHLs has been found in more than 90 bacterial strains. AHLs are synthesized by enzymes known as AHL synthase. These enzymes are divided into three separate groups, including LuxI, HdtS, and LuxM-type protein families.

The LuxI-type proteins are common group of AHL synthase and have been widely studied in many different microorganisms. Until now, LuxI-type proteins have been identified in more than 150 species of Proteobacteria.

In general, each AHL molecule is composed of a homoserine lactone ring (HSL) with an acyl chain. The structures of AHLs were shown in **Fig. 2**. AHLs produced by different bacteria differ in the length of the R group (the difference in the length of acyl side chains and the oxidation or hydroxylation at C3 position). The number of carbon atoms in the acyl side chains generally varies between 4 and 16 carbons.



Fig.2 Structures of AHLs (<u>https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/N-Acyl_homoserine_lactone;</u> <u>http://www.nottingham.ac.uk/quorum/AHLs.htm</u>)

Some bacterial strains such as *V. fischeri* and *Agrobacterium tumefaciens* synthesize a single type of AHL, 3-oxo-C6-HSL for *V. fischeri* or 3-oxo-C8-HSL for *A. tumefaciens*, respectively (**Table.1**). These microorganisms usually contain a single AHL synthase gene that is responsible for the production of a certain type of AHL. In addition, analysis of bacterial genomes has revealed that some bacteria may have more than one AHL synthase gene. Therefore, these bacteria are able to produce a mixture of AHLs. *Pseudomonas aeruginosa*, for example, has two LuxI-type AHL synthases, LasI and RhII. These enzymes synthesize 3-oxo-C12-HSL and C4-HSL, respectively.

| Table 1. LuxI-type AHL synthases and AHL signals [*] | | | | |
|---|---------------------------|---------------------|--|--|
| LuxI | Vibrio fischeri | 3-oxo-C6-HSL | | |
| EsaI | Pantoea stewartii | 3-oxo-C6-HSL | | |
| TraI | Agrobacterium tumefaciens | 3-oxo-C8-HSL | | |
| LasI | Pseudomonas aeruginosa | 3-oxo-C12-HSL | | |
| PhzI | Pseudomonas fluorescens | 3-hydroxy-C6/C8-HSL | | |
| RhlI | Pseudomonas aeruginosa | C4-HSL | | |
| CviI | Chromobacterium violaceum | C6-HSL | | |
| BmaI1 | Burkholderia mallei | C8/C10-HSL | | |
| CerI | Rhodobacter sphaeroides | 7-cis-C14-HSL | | |

*Churchill and Chen 2011

The secondary structure of AHL synthase family has also been determined. These enzymes have a single domain of approximately 205 amino acid residues in length. The degree of sequence conservation between any two members of the AHL synthase family is usually larger than 40% similarity. Despite the low degree of similarity, there remains a typical sequence motif of entirely conserved amino acid residues that validates the LuxI-type AHL synthase family.

In general, the N-terminus of LuxI-type AHL synthases contains the most conserved amino acids (amino acid residues 1-100). In this region, eight invariant residues critical for AHL synthesis were identified. They are Arg24, Phe28, Trp34, Asp45, Asp48, Arg68, Glu97, and Arg100 (the number of amino acid residues is based on the structure of EsaI (PDB ID: 1KZF), a well-studied AHL synthase from *Pantoea stewartii* subsp. *stewartii* and LasI (PDB ID: 1RO5) from *P. aeruginosa*) (**Fig.3**). The high degree of sequence conservation in the N-terminus suggested an important role in catalytic

process and in the binding of SAM. In contrast, the C-terminus of AHL synthases is less conserved and appears to be less important for activity in some types of AHL synthase such as RhII in *P. aeruginosa*. The role of C-terminus is not really clear and need to be studied further. Nevertheless, this region is involved in recognition of the most variable region of the acyl-ACP substrate, the acyl chain, which elucidates the higher degree of variability in this region. As a consequence, LuxI-type AHL synthase family share similar structures and mechanisms of AHL synthesis (Churchill and Chen 2011).



Fig.3 Structure of the AHL synthases EsaI and LasI (Churchill and Chen 2011) A, EsaI from *Pantoea stewartii* subsp. *stewartii*; B, structure of LasI from *Pseudomonas aeruginosa*; C, close-up view of the LasI active site residues; D, close-up view of the LasI acyl-chain binding pocket.

1.2.3 Transcriptional receptor protein LuxR

In AHL-based quorum sensing systems, AHLs are recognized by two types of receptors. The first type is LuxR and its cognate AHL, components of the quorum sensing mediated bioluminescence in *V. fischeri*. The LuxR-type proteins promote transcription

of target genes by forming direct contact with DNA sequences in the vicinity of the promoter region of target genes. This DNA binding activity is regulated by AHLs.

In the second way, membrane-bound sensor kinases such as LuxN and LuxQ of *Vibrio harveyi* are responsible for the binding with AHLs and promote the transcription of target genes by means of a phosphorelay mechanism.

Until now, LuxR-type proteins are found more common and form a family of LuxR protein. LuxR family proteins are consisted of approximately 250 amino acid and have two main functional domains. The N-terminal domain (NTD) is responsible for binding with AHL. The C-terminal domain (CTD) is responsible for the DNA binding.



Fig.4 Functional domains of LuxR family proteins (Fuqua and Greenberg 2002) Residues labeled with an asterisk are conserved in most members of the LuxR protein family; residues involved in interactions with the relevant AHL are in red; residues involved in DNA binding are in blue; residues involved in transcription activation are in green.

The LuxR-type proteins can be transcription activators in which when binding to the target DNA region, the complex of LuxR-type protein and AHL promotes the transcriptional activation of the target genes. The properties of the transcriptional receptor LuxR-type proteins have been studies in LuxR (*V. fischeri*, in bioluminescence), LasR/RhIR (*P. aeruginosa*, virulence factor expression and biofilm formation), and TraR (*A. tumefaciens*, oncogenic Ti plasmid replication and conjugal transfer). However, a few LuxR-type proteins are known to have transcriptional repression activity. Among them, EsaR (*Pantoeastewartii*, in exopolysaccharide production) binds to the target DNA region of the promoter region in the absence of AHLs, which results in the repression of target genes. The precise mechanism of EsaR has not yet been elucidated. However, it is believed that the presence of AHL has changed the DNA binding domain of EsaR thereby inhibiting the expression of the target gene (Whitehead et al. 2001; Bottomley et al. 2007; Churchill and Chen 2011).

1.2.4 Extra LuxR-type proteins

A typical AHL-dependent quorum sensing system commonly contains two components, LuxI and LuxR protein families.

In general, the location of cognate *luxI* and *luxR* genes are usually adjacent to each other in the genome. However, the analysis of complete genome sequences in different microorganisms has revealed that various strains possess LuxRs that do not have a coupled LuxI protein. These LuxRs have been considered as individual LuxRs or LuxR solos. LuxR solos are present widely both in species of Proteobacteria group that possesses a complete AHL-mediated quorum sensing system and in species that do not. In addition, it has been reported that several bacterial genomes contain more than one LuxR solo (Case et al. 2008; Patankar and González 2009; Subramoni and Venturi 2009).

LuxR solos generally possess the typical protein structure of LuxR-type protein family. However, there are considerable variations in the length of amino acid sequence and some proteins lack conserved amino acids within the AHL-binding domain (Fuqua and Greenberg 2002).

It has been reported that *Sinorhizobium meliloti*, *Rhizobium leguminosarum bv*. viciae and *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* contain LuxR solos, ExpR, BisR and QscR, respectively. The role of these LuxR solos in relation with AHL-binding ability and quorum sensing mechanism of bacteria still remains to be clarified (Subramoni and Venturi 2009; Oinuma and Greenberg 2011).

| Table 2. Orphan LuxR homologues in Gram-negative bacteria st | | | | |
|---|-----------------------|------------------------|--|--|
| Organism | Orphan LuxR homologue | Cognate LuxI/LuxR pair | | |
| Pseudomonas aeruginosa | QscR | LasI/LasR | | |
| Sinorhizobium meliloti | ExpR | SinI/SinR | | |
| Rhizobium leguminosarum | BisR | CinI/CinR | | |
| bv. viciae | | | | |
| Agrobacterium tumefaciens | TrlR | TraI/TraR | | |
| Salmonella enterica | SdiA | none | | |
| E. coli | SdiA | none | | |
| Brucella melitensis | VjbR, BlxR | none | | |
| Burkholderia pseudomallei | BpmR4, BpmR5 | BmlI/BmlR | | |
| | | BpmI2/BpmR | | |

*Patankar and González 2009

1.2.5 AHL-degrading enzyme

In many pathogenic bacteria, the quorum sensing controls virulence factor synthesis. It has been proven that the inactivation of the quorum sensing is controlled by AHL-degrading enzymes.

Interference in the quorum sensing mechanism can be achieved in different ways. First, many natural substances can disturb the signal perception by imitating AHLs structure. The AHL analogues block the AHL receptor (regulator) protein and then prevent activation of the target gene expression (Czajkowski and Jafra 2009).

Until now, AHL-degrading enzymes have been found in different bacteria. The structure of AHLs suggests four different ways for degrading AHLs. As shown in **Fig.5**, positions 1 and 2 are for the degradation of the homoserine lactone ring catalyzed by lactonase or decarboxylase. Positions 3 and 4 are the locations where acylase or

deaminase degrades AHL into a homoserine lactone and a free fatty acid moiety (Dong and Zhang 2005).



Fig.5 The possible ways of enzymatic degradation of AHLs (Czajkowski and Jafra 2009)

1, lactonase; 2, decarboxylase; 3, acylase; 4, deaminase

There are two main groups of AHL-degrading enzymes well characterized, including AHL lactonases (EC 3.1.1.81) and AHL acylases (EC 3.5.1.97).

AHL lactonases hydrolyze the lactone ring in the homoserine moiety of AHLs, while AHL acylases hydrolyze the amide bond between the acyl side chain and the homoserine lactone to release the free fatty acid and the homoserine lactone.

| Table 3. AHL-degrading enzymes in various bacterial species [*] | | | | |
|--|-----------------------|---------------------------|--|--|
| Organism | AHL-degrading protein | Enzymatic activity | | |
| Pseudomonas aeruginosa | PvdQ, QuiP | AHL acylase | | |
| Agrobacterium tumefaciens | AttM, AiiB | AHL lactonase | | |
| Bacillus sp. | AiiA | AHL lactonase | | |
| Bacillus thuringiensis | AiiA | AHL lactonase | | |
| Arthrobacter sp. | AhlD | AHL lactonase | | |
| Rhodococcus erythropolis | QsdA | AHL lactonase | | |
| Ralstonia eutropha | AiiD | AHL acylase | | |
| Anabaena sp. | AiiC | AHL acylase | | |

*Czajkowski and Jafra 2009

1.3 Violacein production and AHL-dependent quorum sensing

Violacein, a purple pigment produced by several species of terrestrial and marine bacteria, is a secondary metabolite that possesses various biological properties, such as antibacterial, antiviral, antitrypanosomal and antitumor activities (Hoshino 2011; Durán and Menck 2001; Durán et al. 2012). These bioactive properties offer the possibility to use violacein for medical applications.

Until now, it has been reported that violacein can be produced by various Gram-negative bacteria, including *Chromobacterium violaceum* (Durán and Menck 2001), *Janthinobacterium lividum* (Pantanella et al. 2007), *Pseudoalteromonas luteoviolacea* (Yang et al. 2007), and *Pseudoalteromonas* sp. 520P1 (Yada et al. 2008).

Studies on the biosysthesis of violacein have been conducted to reveal the components involved in the biosynthetic pathway. It has been reported that five enzymes, VioA to VioE, are responsible for the production of violacein in *Chromobacterium violaceum* (August et al. 2000; Morohoshi et al. 2010). These enzymes are encoded by five genes, vioA to vioE (Momen and Hoshino 2000) that form a single operon, vioABCDE (August et al. 2000). VioE is demonstrated to play an important role in synthesizing the molecular skeleton of violacein (Hirano et al. 2008).

In recent studies, Wang *et al.* (2008) reported that the production of violacein by *Pseudoalteromonas* sp. 520P1, a Gram-negative marine bacterium isolated from the Pacific coast of Japan, was also under the regulation of an AHL-dependent quorum sensing. The gene cluster responsible for violacein biosynthesis in *Pseudoalteromonas* sp. 520P1 has also been characterized (Zhang and Enomoto 2011). A cluster of five ORFs (vioABCDE) of the length of 7, 383bp has been cloned. However, the *luxI* gene and *luxR* gene in strain 520P1 have not been identified so far. Identification of these genes is crucial to extend our knowledge of the whole regulatory mechanism of the

violacein biosynthesis in Pseudoalteromonas sp. 520P1.

In this study, we investigated the protein components (LuxI and LuxR homologues) of AHL-dependent quorum sensing system in *Pseudoalteromonas* sp. 520P1 and expressed the cloned *luxI* in *Escherichia coli*.

CHAPTER II

Cloning the *luxI* gene from *Pseudoalteromonas* sp. 520P1 by degenerate PCR

2.1 Introduction

Degenerate PCR method has been widely used to amplify DNA in situations where only protein sequences of the genes of interest from closely related organisms are identified, or where the aim is to isolate similar genes from a variety of species. Generally, instead of using specific PCR primers with a given nucleotide sequence, degenerate PCR use mixed PCR primers designed by aligning the protein sequences of related strains to find the most conserved amino acid regions. Based on the conserved amino acid sequences, a set of degenerate PCR primers were designed using the International Union of Pure and Applied Chemistry (IUPAC) system for degenerate bases (Iserte et al. 2013).

It has been reported that the LuxI family proteins (AHL synthases) are the most widespread and best understood. Identifiable LuxI homologues have been found in more than 150 species of Proteobacteria. There is a great diversity among the AHL synthases in their production of AHLs. The sequence conservation between any two members of the AHL synthase family is typically greater than 40% similarity (Churchill and Chen 2011).

In this study, we used degenerate primers to amplify the partial of *luxI* gene of strain 520P1 based on the nucleotide sequences deduced from the conserved protein sequences between LuxIs from different bacterial strains.

2.2 Materials and Methods

2.2.1 GenBank/DDBJ accession numbers

The accession numbers of LuxI family protein sequences in DDBJ/EMBL/GenBank used in this study were P54656 (EsaI, *Pantoea stewartii* subsp.

stewartii), ABG38892 (LuxI, Pseudoalteromonas atlantica T6c), ERG18256 (LuxI, Pseudoalteromonas citrea DSM8771), WP_046355763 (LuxI, Pseudoalteromonas luteoviolacea), YP_206882 (LuxI, Vibrio fischeri ES114), WP_005423459 (LuxI, Aliivibrio fischeri), AAQ61751 (CivI, Chromobacterium violaceum ATCC 12472), P33907 (TraI, Agrobacterium fabrum str. C58), P54291 (RhII, Pseudomonas aeruginosa PAO1), P33883 (LasI, Pseudomonas aeruginosa PAO1).

2.2.2 Baterial strains and reagents

Genomic DNA of *Pseudoalteromonas* 520P1 No. 412 (NBRC 107704) and *Vibrio* sp. 402W9 were used as DNA template for PCR amplification.

Ex-taq DNA polymerase for PCR amplification was purchased from Takara (Otsu, Japan).

2.2.3 Homology comparison of LuxI family proteins

Homologous sequences were multiply aligned using Clustal X2 (Larkin et al 2007). Conserved regions and gaps were determined through alignment of amino acid sequences

of LuxI families.

2.2.4 Design of degenerate primers

Based on conserved amino acid regions between LuxI family proteins, the degeneracy of each amino acid and their codons was determined using the IUPAC system for degenerate bases (**Appendix 1**). Then, the nucleotide sequences of conserved amino acid sequences have been deduced. Degenerate primers were designed using the degeneracy code found in the reference IUPAC table.

 Table 2.1 Degenerate bases used for PCR amplification

| IUPAC nucleotide code | Base |
|-----------------------|--------|
| W | A or T |
| R | A or G |

| Y | C or T |
|---|--------|
| Μ | A or C |
| Κ | G or T |

2.3. Results

2.3.1. Divergence of LuxI family protein

In the previous study, Churchill and Chen (2011) reported that the most conserved part of the LuxI family proteins is the N-terminal region (amino acid residues 1-100). This region contains invariant residues which are essential for enzymatic activity of AHL synthase. The high degree of sequence conservation in N-terminus suggested a role in catalysis and in the binding of the common substrate S-adenosylmethionine (SAM). Conversely, the C-terminus of LuxI is less conversed overall and appears to be less important for activity of AHL synthase. In addition, this region is involved in recognition of the most variable part of the acyl chain. Thus, the C-terminus of LuxI family proteins have the higher degree of variability than the N-terminus.

We collected the amino acid sequences of several LuxI family proteins including three LuxI homologues from *Pseudoalteromonas* strains (*P. atlantica*, *P. citrea* and *P. luteoviolacea*). The homology comparison of these sequences was performed. The result of amino acid sequence alignment showed that all LuxI homologue sequences share a low degree of homology, except several conserved amino acid residues in the N-terminus (**Fig. 2.1**).

| | | • * | * • * | • * •* | |
|-----------|---|---|--|---|-----------------------------------|
| LUNT AF | | CTL SL PVOI | VEKOPLEWDI.VV | | EVIXACODT ENVECCW |
| LUXT VE | | CTL CL PVOI | VEVDDI EWDI VC | | EVIVACDDA - FEUNCCW |
| LUXT DL | | OTCPLEVOI | | CKOLELOLESDEVDYSNA | OVI VUTDNS - MOTYCCW |
| LUXT PC | | KTHKI PVN | VENKOLKWDVDV | | VEVTAKONS - CELICCI |
| LUXT DA | | | VEVCEL CWDVES | | STAMINES - DDTVCCW |
| LUXI LagI | MIUOICPREEDKKLLC | EMHKLRAO | VEKEPKCWDVES | | YVML TOFPTPEAOVECCW |
| LuxI Tral | MPTI.TUGDOVEPVPGELK | OMHPLPAT | VECCELEWDVSV | | SVIIATTDS CPVACCV |
| LuxI PhlT | | EL CRYPHON | VETEKI CWDWWSI | | PYTUAMODO CTCCCA |
| LuxI Real | MIELEDVSVEELOTTRS | FLYKLEKK | FSDRLCWEVIC | | RVILGICEG OLVCSV |
| LuxI CviI | MKDEEPLOOGGLVI.EWVNTETKL | OLWAFRHR | FREOLOWVPLC | | NLVLCRDGE VVGAT |
| Dux1_CVII | | 30 | | 50 60 | 70 80 |
| | 1 | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | * •• * | | * • * | | • |
| LUXI AF | RILLPTTGDYMLKSVFPELLGO-OS | APKDPNTV | ELSREAVGK-NS | SKTN-NSASETTMKLFEA | TYKHAVSOGTTEYVTVTS |
| LuxI VF | RLLPTTGDYMLKTVFPELLGD-OV | APRDPNIV | ELSRFAVGK-NS | SKIN-NSASEITMKLFOA | IYKHAVSOGITEYVTVTS |
| LUXT PL | RILPTLGRYMLKNTFPTLLEG-HS | TPASESVY | ELSREAVDK-HL | AOAETNKSSSTTMKLFO | TYDYATENGIKEYVTVTT |
| LuxI PC | RILKTTNKYMLKDTFPOLLKD-OA | APESKSIL | EISRFATOK-SE | HLFDPNEKRYVTYSVLOC | AYLHAIEOGVEEYVMVTT |
| LuxI PA | RAIPTTKSYMLKDIFPELLRG-EL | APEEKNIW | EISRFAISK-NR | TGKSARVASEDTAALVSS | FYSFAIKNGITDYVLVTT |
| LuxI LasI | RILDTTGPYMLKNTFPELLHG-KE | APCSPHIW | ELSRFAINS | GOKGSLGFSDCTLEAMRA | LARYSLONDIOTLVTVTT |
| Lux1 Tra1 | RLLPACGPTMLEOTFSOLLEM-GS | LAAHSGMV | ESSRFCVDTSLV | SRRDASOLHLATLTLFAC | IIEWSMAS <mark>GYTE</mark> IVTATD |
| LuxI RhlI | RLLPTTDAYLLKOVFAYLCS ET | PPSDPSVW | ELSRYAASA | ADDPOLAMKIFWS | SLOCAWYLGASSVVAVTT |
| LuxI EsaI | RFTSLDRPNMITHTFOHCFSD-VT | LPAYGT | ESSRFFVDK-AR | ARALLGEHYPISOVLFLA | MVNWAONNAYGNIYTIVS |
| LuxI CviI | RLT TGEHPFMLEEEFSRLLAPGE | IGKGAEYSI | EITRLAVDRI | EALGARESIMAARLLYLG | AWLWSQVQGVRWMYFVVE |
| _ | | 110 | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | :: . | | | | |
| LuxI_AF | TAIERFLKRIKVPCHRIGDKEIHV | L <mark>G</mark> DTK <mark>SVV</mark> I | LS <mark>MPIN</mark> E <mark>QF</mark> KI | K <mark>AVL</mark> N | |
| LuxI_VF | IAIERFLKRIKVPCHRIGDKEIHL | L <mark>G</mark> NTR <mark>SVVI</mark> | LSMPIN D <mark>QF</mark> RI | K <mark>AV</mark> SN | |
| LuxI_PL | TAVERILKRIGIPFTRIGDKQVHL | L <mark>G</mark> NTK <mark>S</mark> IAI | LSIQV <mark>N</mark> R <mark>QF</mark> M | L <mark>AV</mark> QDE <mark>T</mark> C <mark>S</mark> | |
| LuxI_PC | CAIERYLRILGVPTSRLGDGL <mark>S</mark> MD | I <mark>GG</mark> VN <mark>S</mark> VAI | IKMNVN DEFK | RAVFSI <mark>H</mark> | |
| LuxI_PA | TACERILRYLGVNMRRMGDGQAMQ | IGVEK <mark>SVA</mark> I | LWVKVD NNLN | IN <mark>PI</mark> H | |
| LuxI_LasI | VGVEKMMIRAGLDVSRFGPHLK | I <mark>G</mark> IERAVAI | LRIEL <mark>N</mark> AK <mark>T</mark> Q | I <mark>ALY</mark> GGVLVEQRLAVS | |
| LuxI_TraI | LRFERILKRAGWPMRRLGEPTA | IGNTIAIA(| GRLPADR-ASFE | QVC <mark>PPGY</mark> Y <mark>S</mark> I <mark>P</mark> RIDVAAI | R <mark>S</mark> AA |
| LuxI_RhlI | TAMERYFVRNGVILQRLGPPQK | VK <mark>G</mark> ETLVA | IS <mark>FPA</mark> YQER <mark>GL</mark> E | MLLRYH <mark>P</mark> EWLQ <mark>GVPLS</mark> MA | V |
| LuxI_EsaI | RAMLKILTRSGWQIKVIKEAFLTE | KERIYL <mark>LT</mark> I | L <mark>PAG</mark> QDDKQ <mark>Q</mark> LG | GDVVSRTGCPPVAVTTWP | L <mark>TLP</mark> V- |
| LuxI_CviI | PVFYRRLVMMGFPIVPVGIPRPLD | GGVMSM <mark>T</mark> GI | LLDWRQA <mark>K</mark> T <mark>EL</mark> I | RS <mark>LT</mark> R <mark>GV</mark> S <mark>SP</mark> SACQALWH | EYD <mark>YS</mark> H |
| | | 190 | 200 | 210220 | |

Fig.2.1 The divergence of amino acid sequences of LuxI family proteins

2.3.2. Conserved domain in LuxI family protein

The homology comparison of LuxI homologues from *P. atlantica* and *P. citrea* was performed. The result of amino acid sequence alignment showed four regions with high degree of homology. These regions were indicated as box numbers 1, 2, 3 and 4, respectively (**Fig. 2.2**).



Fig.2.2 Amino acid sequence alignment of LuxI homologues. PA: LuxI from *P. atlantica*; PC: LuxI from *P. citrea*

The homology comparison of LuxI homologues from *Pseudoalteromonas* group and CviI from *Chromobacterium violaceum* was performed. The result of amino acid sequence alignment showed low homology between LuxI homologues of *Pseudoalteromonas* strains and CviI in the four conserved regions (**Fig. 2.3**).



Fig.2.3 Amino acid sequence alignment of LuxI homologues.

PA: LuxI from *P. atlantica*, PC: LuxI from *P. citrea*, PL: LuxI from *P. luteoviolacea*; CviI: LuxI homologue from *C. violaceum*.

The homology comparison of LuxI homologues from *Pseudoalteromonas* strains and *Vibrio* strains was performed. The result of amino acid sequence alignment showed higher degree of homology between LuxI homologues of *Pseudoalteromonas* and *Vibrio* strains in the four conserved regions (**Fig. 2.4**).



Fig.2.4 Amino acid sequence alignment of LuxI homologues.

PA: LuxI from *P. atlantica*, PC: LuxI from *P. citrea*, PL: LuxI from *P. luteoviolacea*, AF: LuxI from *A. fischeri*, VF: LuxI from *V. fischeri*

2.3.3. Degenerate PCR

Based on the amino acid sequence alignment between LuxIs from *P. atlantica* and *P. citrea*, we designed four pairs of degenerate primers to amplify four partial nucleotide sequences of *luxI* gene homologue in strain 520P1. The detailed information of degenerate primers and PCR conditions were shown in **Table 2.2** and **Table 2.3**.

| Table 2.2 Synthetic degenerate oligonucleotide primers | | | | |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------------|--|--|
| For amplification of luxI gene homologue in strain 520P1 No. 412 | | | | |
| Region | Primers | Sequences | | |
| 1 to 3 | Fw-1-2 | 5'-AAACTGCGCWRYRAMGTGTTT-3' | | |
| | Rv-2-2 | 5'-CGCAAAGCGGCTAATTTCCMRAAT-3' | | |
| | Fw-1-2 | 5'-AAACTGCGCWRYRAMGTGTTT-3' | | |
| 1 to 4 | Rv-3-2 | 5'-CACGCCCAGAWWGCGCAGAWWGCGTTC-3' | | |
| | Fw-2-2 | 5'-TATATGCTGAAAGATAYYTTTCCG-3' | | |
| 2 to 4 | Rv-3-2 | 5'-CACGCCCAGAWWGCGCAGAWWGCGTTC-3' | | |
| | Fw-3-2 | 5'-ATTYKGGAAATTAGCCGCTTTGCG-3' | | |
| 3 to 4 | Rv-3-2 | 5'-CACGCCCAGAWWGCGCAGAWWGCGTTC-3' | | |
| For amplifica | tion of luxI gene | homologue in strain Vibrio sp. 402W9 | | |
| | Fw-V1-1 | 5'-ARMCTGCGCWRYSARGTGTTT-3' | | |
| 1 to 3 | Rv-V3-1 | 5'-CGCAAAGCGGCTMAKTTCCMMAAT-3' | | |
| | Fw-V1-1 | 5'-ARMCTGCGCWRYSARGTGTTT-3' | | |
| 1 to 4 | Rv-V4-1 | 5'-CACKYYMAKRYRKYKCAGAAWGCGTTC-3' | | |
| 2 to 4 | Fw-V2-1 | 5'-TATATGCTGAAARMYRTKTTTCCG-3' | | |
| | Rv-V4-1 | 5'-CACKYYMAKRYRKYKCAGAAWGCGTTC-3' | | |
| | Fw-V3-1 | 5'-ATTKKGGAAMTKAGCCGCTTTGCG-3' | | |
| 3 to 4 | Rv-V4-1 | 5'-CACKYYMAKRYRKYKCAGAAWGCGTTC-3' | | |

| Table 2.3 PCR conditions for amplifying the partial sequencesof <i>lux1</i> gene homologue in strain 520P1 | | | | |
|--|----------|--------|--|--|
| Temperature (°C) | Time | Cycles | | |
| 95 | 5 min | 1 | | |
| 95 | 15 sec | | | |
| 40 | 30 sec | 45 | | |
| 72 | 30 sec | | | |
| 72 | 5 min | 1 | | |
| 4 | ∞ | 1 | | |

Due to high homology in the four conserved amino acid regions between LuxIs from *Pseudoalteromonas* and *Vibrio* strains, we decided to choose genomic DNA of the *Vibrio* sp. 402W9, a bioluminescent bacterium, as a positive control for degenerate PCR.



Fig.2.5 The analysis of degenerate PCR products on agarose gel 1.8%

M: DNA marker (200 bp) 14: region 1 →4 (expected size: 411 bp); 24: region 2 →4 (expected size: 246 bp) 34: region 3 →4 (expected size: 183 bp) The results in **Fig. 2.5.A** showed that there were two positive DNA bands in lanes 24 and 34 of samples from strain 520P1. The sizes of these band were approximately 246 bp and 183 bp, equivalent to the expected sizes of nucleotide sequences in theory between regions 2 to 4 and 3 to 4 of *luxI* gene homologue in strain 520P1. No positive DNA bands with expected size appeared on the lanes of samples from positive control *Vibrio* sp. 402W9.

Then, two putative DNA fragments of lanes 24 and 34 from strain 520P1 were extracted by gel extraction kit and checked again by PCR. The analysis of the PCR products on agarose gel electrophoresis showed that these DNA bands are not specific and contain several other DNA fragments (**Fig.2.5.B**).

2.4. Discussion

Although the LuxI family proteins of *Pseudoalteromonas* strains share several conserved amino acid regions, the result of degenerate PCR indicated that the partial regions of *luxI* gene homologue in *Pseudoalteromonas* sp. 520P1 could not be amplified using degenerated primers. The reason for this failure might come from the low homology of LuxIs at nucleotide level.

Therefore, to identify and characterize the *luxI* gene homologue in strain 520P1, it is essential to sequence the whole genome of *Pseudoalteromonas* sp. 520P1.

CHAPTER III

Genome Sequencing of Pseudoalteromonas sp. 520P1 No. 412

3.1 Introduction

In a previous study, Wang et al. (2008) reported that the production of violacein by strain 520P1 was regulated by quorum-sensing mechanisms using an *N*-acylhomoserine lactone (AHL). In *Vibrio fischeri*, two essential components in quorum sensing-regulated bioluminescence, namely AHL synthase (LuxI) and AHL receptor protein (LuxR), and their genes (*luxI/luxR*) have been revealed. However, homologous genes for *luxI* and *luxR* in strain 520P1 have not been reported so far. Identification of these genes is pivotal to understand regulatory mechanisms of quorum sensing and the nature of AHL(s) involved in violacein production.

Due to the low homology of LuxIs at nucleotide level, we could not to identify the *luxI* gene homologue in strain 520P1 by degenerate PCR. Therefore, we sequenced the whole genome of *Pseudoalteromonas* strain 520P1 No.412 (NBRC 107704) to identify the *luxI* and *luxR* genes.

3.2. Materials and Methods

3.2.1. GenBank/DDBJ accession numbers

The accession numbers of protein sequences in DDBJ/EMBL/GenBank used in this study were P54656 (EsaI, *Pantoea stewartii* subsp. *stewartii*), ABG38892 (LuxI, *Pseudoalteromonas atlantica* T6c), ERG18256 (LuxI, *Pseudoalteromonas citrea* DSM8771), WP_046355763 (LuxI, *Pseudoalteromonas luteoviolacea*), YP_206882 (LuxI, *Vibrio fischeri* ES114), WP_005423459 (LuxI, *Aliivibrio fischeri*), ABG38890 (LuxR, *P. atlantica* T6c), ERG18412 (LuxR, *P. citrea* DSM8771), CCQ09547 (LuxR, *P. luteoviolacea* B, ATCC 29581), P35327 (LuxR, *Vibrio fischeri* ES114) and ACH63788

(LuxR, Vibrio fischeri MJ11).

3.2.2. Sequencing of the whole genome of strain 520P1 No. 412

Genomic DNA of strain 520P1 No. 412 was purified using a QIAGEN Genomic DNA kit with a Genome-tip 100/G column (Qiagen KK, Tokyo, Japan). The genome was sequenced on an Illumina Hiseq 2000 system by Macrogen Japan (Tokyo, Japan). A total of 5,740,346 reads were assembled using SOAPdenovo Assembly into 67 scaffolds with an N₅₀ length of 136,339 bp (Luo et al. 2012). The assembled draft genome sequence was approximately 5.25 Mb long with a total coverage of 110-fold and a G+C content of 34.96%. A total of 4,899 protein-coding regions and 99 RNA-coding sequences were detected using the GLIMMER system and RAST Server respectively (Delcher et al. 2007; Overbeek et al. 2014).

3.2.3. Phylogenetic analysis

Homologous sequences were multiply aligned using Clustal X2 (Larkin et al. 2007). Conserved regions and gaps were determined through alignment of amino acid sequences of LuxI and LuxR families. Phylogenetic trees were constructed based on the neighbor-joining method (Saitou and Nei, 1987) using Clustal X2.

3.3. Results

3.3.1. *luxI* and *luxR* gene homologues in the genome of strain 520P1

Genome analysis and annotation of ORFs in 67 scaffolds of *Pseudoalteromonas* sp. 520P1 No. 412 revealed the presence of at least one *luxI* homologue and five *luxR* homologues in the genome of strain 520P1 No. 412.

| Table 3 | .1 BLAST search of <i>lux1</i> as | BLAST search of <i>lux1</i> and <i>luxR</i> homologues | | |
|------------|-----------------------------------|--|--|--|
| | luxI homologues | luxR homologues | | |
| Scaffold 1 | | orf00001 (palR1) | | |

| Scaffold 15 | | orf00056 (<i>palR2</i>) |
|-------------|-----------------|---------------------------|
| Scaffold 19 | orf00203 (palI) | orf00201 (<i>palR3</i>) |
| Scaffold 51 | | orf00116 (<i>palR4</i>) |
| Scaffold 56 | | orf00026 (<i>palR5</i>) |

The results of genomic analysis also indicated that a pair of *luxI/luxR* homologues was located on the scaffold 19 of the whole genome of strain 520P1 No. 412 (GenBank: DF820557.1). The distance between *luxI* and *luxR* in scaffold 19 is 1021 bp.

| | 5el204208.2 eee 1002 | +3 | | |
|--------------|-------------------------------|----|---|------|
| .D | ng 304208.3.peg.1002 | | | |
| ontig | CDS | +1 | | |
| unction | Autoinducer synthesis protein | -1 | | |
| Subsystem | - none - | 2 | | |
| Start | 202702 | -2 | | |
| Ston | 202085 | -3 | CDS Feature fig 304208.3.peg.1002 | |
| ength | 618 | | 190193 196793 198393 199993 201963 Type CDS | aba3 |
| zoom to cov | uence details ange | | Contig scaffold19 | |
| 20011110 Set | details page | | Start 202702 | |
| evidence pa | ge | | Stop 202085 | |
| | | 1 | Length 6180p | |
| and table | -1 | | Function Autoinducer synthesis protein Luxi | |
| kport table | clear all filters | | Subsystem - Hone - | |

luxR

Fig.3.1 Location of luxI/luxR genes on scaffold 19

The genome sequence of strain 520P1 No. 412 has been deposited in DDBJ/EMBL/GenBank under the accession number BBIN01000000 (Dang et al. 2014).

The *luxI* and five *luxR* gene homologues identified in strain 520P1 were named *palI* and *palR1* to *palR5* after the name of genus <u>*Pseudoalteromonas*</u>. The nucleotide sequences of *palI* and five *palR* genes were deposited in DDBJ under accession numbers LC081974, LC081975, LC081976, LC081977, LC081978 and LC081979, respectively.

3.3.2. Homology comparison of LuxI family proteins in strain 520P1 and reference strains

Among AHL synthase proteins of *Pseudoalteromonas* strains, three LuxI family proteins from *P. atlantica* T6c, *P. citrea* DSM8771 and *P. luteoviolacea* have been determined.

Another LuxI homologue, EsaI (PDB code: 1KZF), produces a 3-oxo-hexanoyl-homoserine lactone, which contributes to the quorum sensing regulation of pathogenicity in *Pantoea stewartii* subsp. *stewartii* (Beck von Bodman and Farrand 1995). The structure of EsaI was determined using X-ray crystallography and is refined at a resolution of 1.8 Å. Six amino acid regions (region I – VI) in EsaI have been determined to play an important role in the activity of AHL synthase (Watson et al. 2002; Chakrabarti and Sowdhamini 2003).

Protein sequences of AHL synthase superfamily (EsaI, LuxI homologues from *P. atlantica*, *P. citrea* and *P.luteoviolacea*) were employed for comparison of the protein sequence deduced from the nucleotide sequence of *palI* (*luxI* homologue) of scaffold 19.

The result of amino acid alignment showed that the sequences of LuxI family shares the six motifs of short amino acid sequences that were found in the structure of EsaI (**Fig. 3.2**).


Fig.3.2 Alignment of amino acid sequences of LuxI family. PA, *P. atlantica* T6c; PC, *P. citrea* DSM8771; PL, *P. luteoviolacea*; EsaI, LuxI homologue from *Pantoea stewartii*; 520P1, PalI of scaffold 19 from *Pseudoalteromonas* sp. 520P1;

The alignment between amino acid sequences of LuxI family revealed that the lowest score of 19 % homology between the LuxI homologue of *P. citrea* and EsaI. The highest score of 45 % homology was obtained between the PaII protein in strain 520P1 and the LuxI homologue in *P. atlantica* (**Fig.3.3**).

| | PA | РС | PL | 520P1 | Esal |
|-------|-----|-----|-----|-------|------|
| PA | 100 | 41 | 37 | 45 | 21 |
| РС | 41 | 100 | 39 | 38 | 19 |
| PL | 37 | 39 | 100 | 37 | 28 |
| 520P1 | 45 | 38 | 37 | 100 | 24 |
| Esal | 21 | 19 | 28 | 24 | 100 |

Fig.3.3 Matrix of protein homology comparison of LuxI family.

PA, P. atlantica T6c; PC, P. citrea DSM8771; PL, P. luteoviolacea; EsaI, LuxI homologue from Pantoea stewartii; 520P1, PalI of scaffold 19 from Pseudoalteromonas

Phylogenetic analysis of the amino acid sequences of LuxI family proteins was performed. As shown in Fig. 1B, the phylogenetic tree indicated the relationship between strain 520P1 and *P. atlantica* (Fig. 3.4).

В

0.1

PA 520P1 PC VF PL substitution/site

Fig.3.4 Phylogenetic analysis of LuxI family.

PA, P. atlantica T6c; PC, P. citrea DSM8771; PL, P. luteoviolacea; 520P1, PalI of scaffold 19 from *Pseudoalteromonas* sp. 520P1; VF, V. fischeri ES114; AF: A. fischeri.

3.3.3. Homology comparison of LuxR family proteins in strain 520P1 and reference strains

As described in previous part, the results of genome analysis and annotation revealed the presence of five *luxR* gene homologues (*palR1* to *palR5*) in the genome of strain 520P1 No. 412. The genes palR1, palR2, palR3, palR4, palR5 were located on scaffolds 1, 15, 19, 51, 56, respectively. The amino acid sequences of PalR proteins were also deduced from their nucleotide sequences.

In the previous structural studies of LuxR proteins, Fuqua et al. (1994) indicated that the C-terminal domain is sufficient for DNA binding and transcriptional activation. They also found that the sequence from residues 190 to 200 contains a helix-turn-helix motif with similarity to the DNA-binding regions of several other transcription factors. In addition, other studies showed that a LuxR fragment harboring only the C-terminal region is still active and unaffected by AHLs (Hanzelka et al. 1997). This indicates that the C-terminal domain includes essential sites for LuxR-DNA and LuxR-RNA polymerase interactions (Choi and Greenberg 1991; Finney et al. 2002; Waters and Bassler 2005).

Alignment of amino acid sequences of PalR proteins of strain 520P1 and LuxR protein homologues in reference *Pseudoalteromonas* strains was conducted. The result of homology comparison showed that they generally share low homology of amino acid sequences. However, several conserved positions could be observed in the C-terminal regions of all sequences (**Fig. 3.5**).

| | : | | : | | : | • |
|------------|------------------------|------------------------|---|---|---------------------------|---------|
| LuxR PA | MMQVEEFYELLESV | DESSSIDALKETCE | RFCQLIDIPFYLLGV | I <mark>GQT</mark> SS <mark>Y</mark> S <mark>PTIRVIS</mark> | NYPEKWLEF | FKESEQ |
| LuxR PalR3 | MQYSWLNGIIEG | KQSKNIDDIKSQCE | AICRAL <mark>E</mark> IDF YS FVI | IR <mark>IPS</mark> SLFS <mark>PEIITLS</mark> | NY <mark>PQLWQEH</mark> Y | FSQEFM |
| LuxR PalR1 | MKSTAFILQE | PNPINDISLD | VLAPLLKT | QGLEVK <mark>SST</mark> DTSD | IPTNTRLI | FIESGE |
| LuxR PalR2 | MISTATINTAYIVTS | DETLHSSSHKVALT | S <mark>FIG</mark> LIA <mark>T</mark> | CSNKVLKQNKSVD | NOFNKIDGIN | FIDLFY |
| LuxR PC | MNOFLIA | DHPLFREALKGALO | TOFEGLEV | - FESENFETTLSVLS | SOEE LDLI | LLLDLHM |
| LuxR PL | MSOFLIAI | DHPLFREALKGALV | ARIEGLEV | FESDNFDSTLTVLS | EOED LDLI | LLLDLHM |
| LuxR PalR5 | MSKFLIAI | DHPLFREALKGALO | NAFSELAV | FESDNFKSTLEILA | KEDD LDII | LLLDLHM |
| LuxR PalR4 | MOYIESI | IKEINCIDSKEOLV | LFFEKVTD | LFNYKWSGLVIFKP | KLNN-KYEVS | VLGNIP |
| _ | 1 | | | 50 | | 80 |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | : | | | 4 | | |
| LuxR PA | ONDPVVKYIFEKOSPIR | DKLVEYODFSSTKG | LLVFEKAAAYGLYNG | LSIPIRSTSENIAVE | SVAID-ERSI | DANRVLD |
| LuxR PalR3 | SLDPVIAYSOOHITPVN | SDLTNYT DFNSPKK | LTVLKEAKTYGLCTC | VSIPLKAPTGEMSVF | SLSSTSORCI | TTECOL |
| LuxR PalR1 | ENAWEKLOAKVAALTEE | CDIVLENISON | TELANRALLSGIRGV | FYANDNAD | VLMKGTRLLI | ENOLWY |
| LuxR PalR2 | CNWNNKIPDDILOLAOR | SKIVLFNVOND | OLCEKNLLLAGFEGI | FYLSDRPD | LILRGLNOIP | NNERWF |
| LuxR PC | PGSGDLYGLIRIREDYPS | LPIVVISGSED | LAIISKVMGYGAMGE | TPKASSSO | DIARAIEHVI | EGDSWL |
| LuxR PL | PGNGDLYGLTRIREDYPS | LPIAVVSGSED | LSVVSKVMGYGAMGE | TPKASSSD | DTAKATEOTI | DGETWL |
| LuxR PalR5 | PGNDDLYGLIRIREDHPE | LPIAVVSGSEE | ISVVSKVMAYGALGE | TPKSLSSV | ETAVATNETI | EGETWL |
| LuxR PalR4 | TNMOERTKKSIDISDYC | LNET EPKSL | VIKCKASTESNNLET | T.VTPINGVG | SEFACUTELI | NSEK |
| | 90 100 | 110 | 120 13 | 140 | 150 | 160 |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | :* :: : * | .*: : :* | ** *: | * |
| LuxR PA | NAOMFCHTFATHLFERYVLI | EISASDET DRRE | LTKRELECLFWACEG | KTAWEI SOI INVSER | TVLFHLGNS | TKLGAI |
| LuxR PalR3 | NIOLOAOVIAPYLHEAIKII | NYKAKEILSHDEVK | ITNREEECLLWACEG | KTSWEISKIIGISER | TVLFHLNNVS | OKVGGV |
| LuxR PalR1 | REDIMCNALTRLLHFNKET | AKFTDAPVEPVN | LTKRERAIITLMSTO | SKNKEIADKLDISPH | TVKTHLYSAE | RKTKCR |
| LuxR PalR2 | KRSSMNNAFSYLLKSNKAS | SPSNSITGKSVFPT | LTKRENTIIKLVTKG | SONOEIADOLNISTN | TVKTHIYSI | RKTKSR |
| LuxR PC | P-ASTKDKVSGLETADKEVA | OOVAS | LTPOOYKVLRYLHEG | LLNKOTAFELHISEA | TVKAHITAI | RKLGVY |
| LuxR PL | P-VSLKDOVANITTEDKELA | 00VAS | LTPOOYKVLOYLHEC | LLNKOTAYELSISEA | TVKAHITAI | RKLGVY |
| LuxR PalR5 | P-ETMKDKVNOLSGDEVKVZ | TOVAS | LTPOOYKVLSYLHEG | LLNKOTAYELNISEA | TVKAHTTATE | RKLGVY |
| Luxe Pale4 | ORGI,VVEKTGWEWIMI.SSET | YNKYKKETADDSHK | MTKRELECTKWASDO | KTSWETSOLLSTSOR | TVDEHLANCI | VKTDST |
| Dunn_runn | 170 | 190 | | 0 | | 240 |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | ** . : . | | | | | |
| LuxR PA | NRQHAVALAIKKGIIKPNI- | | | | | |
| LuxR PalR3 | NROHSVAKALLNGLIOPKF- | | | | | |
| LuxR PalR1 | NRIELLSWAQHN IPNEI | R- | | | | |
| LuxR PalR2 | NRIELITWSLQSSGHLDAAI | N- | | | | |
| LuxR PC | NRTOAVLIASKLOLE - PVEA | MS | | | | |
| LuxR PL | NRTOAVLIASKLOLE-PIER | SI | | | | |
| LuxR PalR5 | NRTOAVLIASKLOLESPVE | | | | | |
| LuxR PalR4 | NROOATVKCALNGHILLV | | | | | |
| | |) | | | | |
| | | | | | | |

Fig.3.5 Alignment of amino acid sequences of LuxI family.

PA, *P. atlantica* T6c; PC, *P. citrea* DSM8771; PL, *P. luteoviolacea*; PalR1 – PalR5, LuxR homologues from *Pseudoalteromonas* sp. 520P1.

The alignment also demonstated that PalR5 and LuxR homologues from P. citrea

DSM8771 and P. luteoviolacea share 74 % and 77 % of homology, respectively. In

addition, LuxR homologues from P. citrea DSM8771 and P.luteoviolacea showed close

homology of 82 % (**Fig.3.6**)

| | PalR1 | PalR2 | PalR3 | PalR4 | PalR5 | PA | РС | PL |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----|-----|-----|
| PalR1 | 100 | 44 | 41 | 22 | 27 | 21 | 25 | 25 |
| PalR2 | 44 | 100 | 17 | 24 | 30 | 36 | 28 | 33 |
| PalR3 | 41 | 17 | 100 | 31 | 30 | 40 | 31 | 22 |
| PalR4 | 22 | 24 | 31 | 100 | 16 | 35 | 20 | 18 |
| PalR5 | 27 | 30 | 30 | 16 | 100 | 34 | 74 | 77 |
| PA | 21 | 36 | 40 | 35 | 34 | 100 | 27 | 34 |
| РС | 25 | 28 | 31 | 20 | 74 | 27 | 100 | 82 |
| PL | 25 | 33 | 22 | 18 | 77 | 34 | 82 | 100 |

Fig.3.6 Phylogenetic analysis of LuxR family.

PA, *P. atlantica* T6c; PC, *P. citrea* DSM8771; PL, *P. luteoviolacea*; PalR1 – PalR5, LuxR homologues from *Pseudoalteromonas* sp. 520P1.

Phylogenetic analysis of the amino acid sequences of LuxR family was performed. The phylogenetic tree indicated the close relationship between LuxR family protein of three strains, including PalR5 of strain 520P1 No. 412, and LuxR homologues of *P. citrea* DSM8771 and *P. luteoviolacea* (**Fig. 3.7**).



Fig.3.7 Phylogenetic analysis of LuxR family.

PA, P. atlantica T6c; PC, P. citrea DSM8771; PL, P. luteoviolacea; VF1, V. fischeri ES114; VF2, V. fischeri MJ11; PalR1 – PalR5, LuxR homologues from Pseudoalteromonas sp. 520P1.

3.4. Discussion

In the present study, we characterized one LuxI and five LuxR homologues in *Pseudoalteromonas* sp. 520P1. These homologues were named PalI and PalR1 to PalR5, respectively. The properties of PalI and five PalRs provide the basis for understanding the components of *N*-acylhomoserine lactone-dependent quorum sensing system in this marine bacterium.

We compared and analyzed the amino acid sequence of PalI with LuxI homologues from different bacterial species. Based on the structure of EsaI, an AHL synthase well-defined using X-ray crystallography, we identified six amino acid regions that share significantly conserved homology in all aligned sequences. The results suggest that PalI is an AHL synthase and has a close relationship with LuxI from *P. atlantica* T6c

among LuxI homologues in Pseudoalteromonas.

In the most common quorum sensing system in Gram-negative bacteria, LuxI and LuxR generally exist in cognate pairs. LuxI homologue in the pair produces a specific AHL required to activate the corresponding LuxR protein. In most cases, cognate *luxI* and *luxR* genes are located adjacently to each other (Gray and Garey 2001; Lerat and Moran 2004). However, the sequencing of many bacterial genomes has revealed that many proteobacteria only contain LuxRs that do not have a cognate LuxI protein associated with them. These LuxRs have been called orphans and more recently solos. LuxR solos are found to be widespread in proteobacterial species that possess an *N*-acylhomoserine lactone-dependent quorum sensing system as well as in species that do not. Genomic analysis of 265 bacterial strains revealed that 68 strains have at least one LuxI and one LuxR homologue (Case et al. 2008). Notably, 45 of these 68 strains have more than one LuxR solos. In addition, SdiA, the LuxR solo of *E. coli* and *Salmonella enteric*, has beenproved to have an ability to respond to exogenous AHLs synthesized by other bacteria (Michael et al. 2001).

In recent study, it has been reported that LuxR-family proteins usually differ in their length and are made up of two domains; the N-terminus containing an AHL-binding domain and the C-terminus possessing a helix-turn-helix DNA-binding domain. Remarkably, LuxRs share low similarities (18-25%) even if they respond to structurally similar AHLs (Vannini et al. 2002; Subramoni and Venturi 2009; Brameyer et al. 2014).

In this study, we identified five LuxR homologues (PalR1 to PalR5) in the genome of the strain 520P1, in which one pair of PalI and PalR3 are located adjacently on the scaffold 19. When compared with LuxRs from other *Pseudoalteromonas* species, all

sequences share low homology in the AHL-binding domain (N-terminus) but retain some conserved amino acid sequences in the DNA-binding domain (C-terminus). The divergence of N-terminal regions in LuxR homologues of strain 520P1 is consistent with the general characteristics of LuxR family proteins from different species, including *Pseudoalteromonas* species.

Among LuxR homologues of strain 520P1, we found PalR5 shares 74 % and 77 % homology with LuxRs from *P. citrea* DSM8771 and *P. luteoviolacea*, respectively. On the other hand, phylogenetic analysis showed that other LuxR homologues of strain 520P1, PalR1, PalR2, PalR3 and PalR4, were not in the same branch with PalR5 and phylogenetically separated from each other. The reason for this could be explained when we assume that *palR* genes have been acquired from different sources during the evolutionary process of *Pseudoalteromonas* sp. 520P1 probably by horizontal gene transfer. Since the cognate LuxI homologues of these PalRs except PalR3 have not been identified, it is most likely that they are LuxR solos. In the strain 520P1, these LuxR solos might respond to endogenous and exogenous signals produced by neighboring bacteria and then control a set of genes that overlaps the set regulated by PalR3.

Although the precise manner by which each of PalRs in the strain 520P1 is regulated has yet to be elucidated, these findings contribute to clarify the components of *N*-acylhomoserine lactone-dependent quorum sensing system in the marine bacterium *Pseudoalteromonas* sp. 520P1.

CHAPTER IV

Cloning and expression of the *PalI* gene from *Pseudoalteromonas* sp. 520P1 in *E. coli*

4.1 Introduction

In the previous work, the *palI* gene coding for AHL synthase in *Pseudoalteromonas* 520P1 was identified to exist in pair with the palR3 in the scaffold 19. The production of violacein by strain 520P1 has been reported to be regulated by quorum-sensing mechanisms using an *N*-acylhomoserine lactone (AHL) (Wang et al. 2008).

To examine whether the *pall* gene product indeed has AHL synthase activity, we tried to clone this gene and express in *E. coli* BL21 (DE3).

4.2. Materials and Methods

4.2.1. Bacterial strains, growth conditions and plasmids

Genomic DNA of *Pseudoalteromonas* 520P1 No. 412 (NBRC 107704) was used to sequence the whole genome and the cloning of the *palI* gene. *Agrobacterium tumefaciens* NTL4 (pZLR4) was used as a reporter strain to detect AHLs according to the method of Wang et al. (2008).

Plasmid pUC18 and *Escherichia coli* DH5 α were purchased from Takara Bio (Otsu, Japan). Plasmid pET28a (+) and *E. coli* BL21 (DE3) were purchased from Novagen (Darmstadt, Germany). KOD-plus DNA polymerase for PCR amplification was purchased from Toyoba (Osaka, Japan). Restriction enzymes, a DNA ligation kit (Mighty Mix), X-gal and IPTG were purchased from Takara Bio. Ampicillin (100 µg/ml) and kanamycin (50 µg/ml) were used for the selection of recombinant *E. coli*.

4.2.2. Cloning of *pall* gene of strain 520P1 No. 412

Based on the sequence of the *pall* gene in strain 520P1, two pairs of primers were designed and used to amplify the DNA region containing this gene by nested PCR. In the first PCR, the genomic DNA of Pseudoalteromonas sp. 520P1 No. 412 was used as a template. The DNA fragment containing upper and lower regions of the pall gene was amplified using the forward primer S19O203-ex-Fw (5'-TTGGGTACAAGATAGTTTGTTATA-3') and the reverse primer S19O203-ex-Rv (5'-TAGCGATAAAGAATGCTTAATATA-3'). Then, PCR product was purified and used as a template for the second PCR. The reaction was carried out with the forward primer NdeI-Fw-19203 (5'-CGCCATATGATGAATCTCTATAAC-3') and the reverse primer HindIII-Rv-19203 (5'-GCGAAGCTTTAAACAACCAATAAG-3'). The product of the second PCR containing restriction enzyme sites on both ends of the pall gene was named NdeI-palI-HindIII. The gene NdeI-palI-HindIII was digested with NdeI and HindIII and cloned into the multiple cloning sites of pUC18 plasmid to create the cloning plasmid pUC18-NdeI-palI-HindIII. Then, the recombinant plasmid was transformed into competent E. coli DH5 α by heat shock method. All PCR were performed with fidelity KOD-Plus DNA polymerase. PCR products were purified using a PCR purification kit or a gel extraction kit (Qiagen KK, Tokyo, Japan).

4.2.3. Construction of the expression plasmid for E. coli

To examine the AHL production by the cloned *palI* gene, a recombinant pET28a(+) expression plasmid containing the *palI* gene was constructed. PCR-amplified NdeI-palI-HindIII from pUC18-NdeI-palI-HindIII was digested by *NdeI* and *Hind*III, and cloned into the cloning sites of the pET28a(+) vector to produce a recombinant plasmid pET28a-NdeI-palI-HindIII. The recombinant vector was

constructed in *E. coli* DH5 α and then transformed into *E. coli* BL21 (DE3) for expression. DNA sequencing of the insert in the pET28a(+) vector was performed using the dye-terminator method by Bio Matrix Research (Nagareyama, Japan).

4.2.4. Expression of pall gene

A single colony of *E. coli* BL21 (DE3) harboring the recombinant plasmid pET28a-NdeI-palI-HindIII was inoculated into 200-ml flasks containing 50 ml of fresh LB medium. The flasks were incubated on a shaker at 37°C until the optical density at 600 nm (OD₆₀₀) of the cultures reached 0.9- 1.0. Then, 0.5 mM IPTG was added to the flasks and the culture for AHL production was carried out at 20°C with shaking (180 rpm) for 24 h. AHLs were extracted from the culture supernatant and detected as described below.

4.2.5. Extraction of AHLs

The culture supernatants (100 ml each) were harvested by centrifugation at 8,000 rpm (11,800 \times g) for 30 min. Then, AHLs in the supernatants were extracted with the same volume of ethyl acetate in a separating funnel. The ethyl acetate phase was recovered and evaporated to dryness. The dried samples were dissolved in 1.0 ml each of ethanol. The extracts were stored at -20°C until use. AHL was also extracted from strain 520P1 No. 412 after 72 h of static culture as described above.

4.2.6. Plate assay of AHLs

Agrobacterium tumefaciens NTL4 (pZLR4) was cultured in AB medium containing 0.2 % glucose and 1 μ g/ml gentamicin on a shaker at 200 rpm at 28°C. An AB minimal agar plate containing 0.2 % glucose and 40 mg/ml of X-gal was overlaid with 3 ml of molten soft agar containing 40 mg/ml of X-Gal and 200 μ l of overnight culture of *A*. *tumefaciens* NTL4 (pZLR4). After the soft agar was solidified, paper discs (8 mm in

diameter) filled with 20 µl each of AHL extracts were laid on the surface of the plate. Following incubation for 24–48 h, the plate was examined for zones of blue pigmentation (Fuqua and Winans 1994; Wang et al.2008).

4.2.7. TLC assay of AHLs

Reverse-phase (RP)–TLC plates were used to analyze AHLs. The AHL extracts were spotted on a TLC plate (Silica Gel 60 RP-18F₂₅₄S Merck, Darmstadt, Germany), and the plate was developed in a solvent system of methanol:water (60:40, v/v). After chromatography, molten soft agar containing X-gal and *A. tumefaciens* NTL4 (pZLR4) was poured over the surface of the TLC plate as describe above, and the TLC plate was incubated at 28°C for 24–48 h in a closed plastic container (Shaw PD et al. 1997; Wang et al. 2008).

4.3. Results

4.3.1. Cloning of *pall* gene from strain 520P1

Genomic DNA isolated from 520P1 No. 412 was used as a template for the amplification of *pall* by two steps of PCR with specific primers. The size of the product of the first PCR including upper and lower regions of the *pall* is 738 bp. Then, this amplified fragment was used as a template for the second PCR in which restriction enzyme sites were added to the both ends of the PCR product. The size of the product of the second PCR is 636 bp in which the full length of the *pall* is 618 bp. After that, purified DNA fragment of the second PCR was cloned into pUC18 plasmid and subcloned into pET28a(+) plasmid for protein expression. The results of DNA sequencing of the inserted DNA showed that the determined nucleotide sequence was identical to the designed one and correctly orientated in the expression plasmid (Fig. 4.1).



Fig.4.1 Schematic diagram of the *pall* gene in pET28a(+) vector.

To examine whether the protein encoded by the cloned *palI* gene has AHL synthase activity, the expression of *palI* gene was conducted in an *E. coli* strain which does not produce AHLs.

4.3.2. Expression of cloned pall gene in E. coli and detection of AHL activity

AHLs as signaling molecules play an important role in the quorum sensing mechanism. Therefore, various bacterial biosensors of AHLs, which do not produce AHLs by themselves but respond to exogenous AHLs, have been developed to detect AHLs. In this study, AHLs were extracted from culture supernatant and detected by plate assay of AHL using *Agrobacterium tumefaciens* NTL4 (pZLR4) as an AHL-reporter strain.

A. tumefaciens NTL4 (pZLR4) contains pZLR4 plasmid which confers resistance to gentamicin. pZLR4 includes a *traG/lacZ* fusion gene and *traR*, a LuxR homologue in *A*. *tumefacience*. When AHL is added to strain NTL4 (pZLR4), it binds the TraR protein, and the complex of Tra/AHL promotes transcription of the *traG/lacZ* fusion gene. Thus, β -galactosidase activity expressed by *traG/lacZ* fusion gene can be used as an indicator of AHLs (Fuqua and Winans 1994; Miller and Bassler 2001; Farrand et al. 2002; Steindler and Venturi 2007). In quantification plate assay, the soft agar containing overnight culture of *A. tumefaciens* NTL4 (pZLR4) was overlaid on the AB minimal agar plate. Then, the paper discs filled with AHL extracts were laid on the surface of the plate. Fig.4.2 shows the detection of AHLs extracted from the culture of recombinant *E*. *coli* after 24 h of culture in the presence of 0.5 mM IPTG. An AHL standard (3-oxo-C8-HSL) was used as a positive control. A signal of AHL from the recombinant *E*. *coli* was obtained as a blue halo on the indicator plate, while no activity was observed when the extract of control *E*. *coli* harboring pET28a(+) without *palI* gene was used.

Fig.4.2 Bioassay of AHL activity in the culture supernatant of recombinant *E. coli*. Spot 1, AHLs produced by the recombinant *E. coli* (10 µl extract, 24 h of culture); spot 2, extract from *E. coli* containing pET28a without the insert (negative control, 10 µl extract, 24 h of culture); spot 3, AHLs produced by strain 520P1 No. 412 (100 µl extract, 72 h of culture); spot 4, standard 3-oxo-C8 HSL (0.1 ng); spot 5, ethanol (negative control, 100

μl)

4.3.3. Analysis of AHLs by TLC

In the previous studies, based on the data of TLC and LC-MS, Wang et al. (2008)

reported that 3-oxo-C8-HSL and C14-HSL were present in the culture supernatant of strain 520P1. This data suggests that the strain 520P1 can produce several types of AHL autoinducers.

As shown in Fig.4.3, the analysis of the AHL extracts by TLC plate demonstrated that two spots appeared on the lane of the extract from *E. coli* (lane 3), in which the two spots were similar in mobility to those of AHLs from strain 520P1 No. 412 (lane 1). This result indicates that the *palI* gene of scaffold 19 in strain 520P1 is able to express at least two types of AHLs in *E. coli*.

Fig.4.3 Analysis of AHLs on a reversed phase TLC plate.

lane 1, AHLs extracts from strain 520P1 No. 412 (60 µl extract); lane, 2, standard 3-oxo-C8-HSL (0.1 ng); lane 3, AHL extract from the recombinant *E. coli* (10 µl extract)

4.4. Discussion

We successfully cloned the *pall* gene and expressed in *E. coli* BL21 (DE3). Using

AHL bioassay coupled to TLC plate, two types of AHL were detected in the extract of the expression culture of recombinant *E. coli* harboring *pall* gene. Two spots of AHL on the TLC plate were similar in mobility to those of strain 520P1 No. 412.

In the previous study, Wang et al. (2008) reported two spots of AHL on a TLC plate, corresponding to 3-oxo-C8-HSL and C14-HSL. From this observation, it was considered that two LuxI homologues could be present and each LuxI homologue produced corresponding AHL molecule. However, bioassay of AHL on a TLC plate in this study demonstrated that PalI can produce in *E. coli* two types of AHL similar to those in strain 520P1. Therefore, possible involvement of PalI in the regulation of violacein synthesis in strain 520P1 is suggested if we can assume that PalI is the only AHL synthase in strain 520P1.

CHAPTER V

Genome sequencing of a variant of *Pseudoalteromonas* sp. 520P1

5.1 Introduction

In the previous study, strain 520P1 was found to produce violacein under static culture conditions but hardly to produce violacein with agitated culture conditions. From a culture flask of strain 520P1, Zhang (2010) isolated a variant strain with an ability of highly stable production under agitated culture conditions. This variant strain probably generated by natural mutation was named strain 520P1 No. 423, while a strain with original phenotypic features in the same culture flask was called strain 520P1 No. 412. The variant strain 520P1 No. 423 produced much amount of AHLs than strain 520P1 No. 423 led to the production of violacein under agitated culture conditions.

These properties of the variant strain in producing violacein have provided an advantage to use strain 520P1 No. 423 for a large scale production of violacein.

In the previous study, it was also hypothesized that a mutation in the upstream promotor region of violacein gene cluster in strain 520P1 No. 423 led to the production of violacein under agitated culture conditions. However, nucleotide sequencing showed that the upstream sequence of violacein gene cluster of strain 520P1 No. 423 was identical to that of the original strain 520P1 No. 412. Therefore, no mutation occurred in the upstream region of violacein gene cluster of strain 520P1 No. 423.

To clarify the difference of *palI* and *palR* genes between strain 520P1 No. 412 and No. 423, we performed the genomic sequencing of strain 520P1 No. 423.

5.2. Materials and Methods

Genomic DNA of strain 520P1 No. 423 was purified using a QIAGEN Genomic DNA kit with a Genome-tip 100/G column (Qiagen KK, Tokyo, Japan). The genome was sequenced on a PacBio RSII system by Macrogen Japan (Tokyo, Japan).

5.3. Results

5.3.1 Whole genome analysis of strain 520P1 No. 423

A total of 111,839 reads were assembled using HGAP3 into 2 contigs with an N50 length of 13,115 bp. The assembled draft genome sequence was approximately 5.39 Mb long. A total of 4,855 protein-coding regions, 122 tRNA and 34 rRNA genes were detected using the Prokka for the rapid annotation of prokaryotic genomes.

The draft whole genome of strain 520P1 No. 423 has been deposited in DDBJ/EMBL/GenBank under the accession number BBZB01000000.

5.3.2 Comparison with the genome of strain 520P1 No. 412

Homology comparison between partial genomic sequences of strain 520P1 No. 412 and No. 423 was performed (**Appendix 2**). The results showed that no mutation was detected in the nucleotide sequences of the *palI* and its promoter, five *palRs* and their promoters, violacein gene cluster and its promoter. Therefore, unique properties of strain 520P1 No. 423 in violacein production should be described to the gene mutation that is not relevant to *palI*, *palRs* and violacein gene cluster.

5.4. Discussion

With the results of partial genomic analysis, to identify the difference between strain 520P1 No. 412 and No. 423, we need to consider other possible reasons. One of them is the difference in the sequences of AHL-degrading enzymes in strain 520P1 No.

423. In the previous studies, enzymatic degradation of AHL autoinducers has been described (Czajkowski and Jafra 2009). There are two group of AHL-inactivating enzymes have been identified including AHL lactonases which hydrolyze the lactone ring in AHLs and AHL acylases which release a free homoserine lactone and a fatty acid. We suggest that the identification of these enzymes might clarify the ability of producing violacein under agitated culture conditions of strain 520P1 No. 423.

CHAPTER VI

Conclusions

- The whole genome of strain 520P1 No. 412 and No. 423 have been sequenced and deposited in DDBJ/EMBL/GenBank.
- The *palI* gene in scaffold 19 was cloned and expressed in *E. coli*.
- AHL activity was detected in the extract from recombinant *E. coli* by bioassay.
- Five *palR* genes were identified in different scaffolds of strain 520P1 No. 412, in which *palR3* exist as a pair with *palI* in scaffold 19.
- Phylogenetic analysis revealed the high homology between PalR5 in scaffold 56 of strain 520P1 No. 412 with LuxR from *P. citrea* DSM8771 and *P. leuteoviolacea*. This finding contributes to the explanation of the evolutionary history of LuxR family of *Pseudoalteromonas* strains.

REFERENCES

- August PR, Grossman TH, Minor C, Draper MP, MacNeil IA, Pemberton JM, Call KM, Holt D, Osburne MS (2000) Sequence analysis and functional characterization of the violacein biosynthetic pathway from *Chromobacterium violaceum*. J Mol Microbiol Biotechnol. 2:513-519
- Beck von Bodman S, Farrand SK (1995) Capsular polysaccharide biosynthesis and pathogenicity in *Erwinia stewartii* require induction by an *N*-acylhomoserine lactone autoinducer. J Bacteriol. 177:5000-8
- Bottomley MJ, Muraglia E, Bazzo R, Carfì A (2007) Molecular insights into quorum sensing in the human pathogen Pseudomonas aeruginosa from the structure of the virulence regulator LasR bound to its autoinducer. J Biol Chem. 282:13592-600
- Brameyer S, Kresovic D, Bode HB, Heermann R (2014) LuxR solos in Photorhabdus species. Front Cell Infect Microbiol. 4:166
- 5. Case RJ, Labbate M, Kjelleberg S (2008) AHL-driven quorum-sensing circuits: their frequency and function among the Proteobacteria. ISME J. 2:345–349
- Chakrabarti S, Sowdhamini R (2003) Functional sites and evolutionary connections of acylhomoserine lactone synthases. Protein Eng. 16:271-278
- Choi SH, Greenberg EP (1991) The C-terminal region of the Vibrio fischeri LuxR protein contains an inducer-independent lux gene activating domain. Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A. 88:11115-11119
- Churchill ME, Chen L (2011) Structural basis of acyl-homoserine lactone-dependent signaling. Chem Rev. 111:68-85
- 9. Czajkowski R, Jafra S (2009) Quenching of acyl-homoserine lactone-dependent

quorum sensing by enzymatic disruption of signal molecules. Acta Biochim Pol. 56:1-16

- Dang HT, Yotsumoto K, Enomoto K (2014) Draft genome sequence of violacein-producing marine bacterium *Pseudoalteromonas* sp. 520P1. Genome Announc. 2(6): e01346-14
- 11. Decho AW, Frey RL, Ferry JL (2011) Chemical challenges to bacterial AHL signaling in the environment. Chem Rev. 111:86-99
- 12. Delcher AL, Bratke KA, Powers EC, Salzberg SL (2007) Identifying bacterial genes and endosymbiont DNA with Glimmer. Bioinformatics 23:673-679
- Dong YH, Zhang LH (2005) Quorum sensing and quorum-quenching enzymes. J Microbiol. 43:101-9.
- 14. Durán M, Menck CF (2001) *Chromobacterium violaceum*: a review of pharmacological and industrial perspectives. Crit Rev Microbiol. 27:201-222
- Durán M, Ponezi AN, Faljoni-Alario A, Teixeira MFS, Justo GZ, Durán N (2012)
 Potential applications of violacein: A microbial pigment. Med Chem Res. 21:1524-1532
- 16. Fast W, Tipton PA (2012). The enzymes of bacterial census and censorship. Trends in Biochemical Sciences. 37:7-14. doi:10.1016/j.tibs.2011.10.001
- 17. Farrand SK, Qin Y, Oger P (2002) Quorum-sensing system of *Agrobacterium* plasmids: analysis and utility. Methods Enzymol. 358:452–484
- 18. Finney AH, Blick RJ, Murakami K, Ishihama A, Stevens AM (2002) Role of the C-terminal domain of the alpha subunit of RNA polymerase in LuxR-dependent transcriptional activation of the lux operon during quorum sensing. J Bacteriol.

184:4520-4528

- Fuqua C, Greenberg EP (2002) Listening in on bacteria: acyl-homoserine lactone signalling. Nat Rev Mol Cell Biol. 3:685-695
- 20. Fuqua WC, Winans SC (1994) A LuxR-LuxI type regulatory system activates Agrobacterium Ti plasmid conjugal transfer in the presence of a plant tumor metabolite. J Bacteriol. 176:2796–2806
- 21. Fuqua WC, Winans SC, Greenberg EP (1994) Quorum sensing in bacteria: the LuxR/LuxI family of cell density-responsive transcriptional regulators. J Bacteriol. 176:269–275
- 22. Galloway WR, Hodgkinson JT, Bowden SD, Welch M, Spring DR (2011) Quorum sensing in Gram-negative bacteria: small-molecule modulation of AHL and AI-2 quorum sensing pathways. Chem Rev. 111:28-67. doi: 10.1021/cr100109t
- González JE, Marketon MM (2003) Quorum sensing in nitrogen-fixing rhizobia. Microbiol Mol Biol Rev. 67:574-92
- 24. Gray KM, Garey JR (2001) The evolution of bacterial LuxI and LuxR quorum sensing regulators. Microbiology. 147:2379-2387
- 25. Hanzelka BL, Greenberg EP (1996) Quorum sensing in Vibrio fischeri: evidence that S-adenosyl methionine is the amino acid substrate for autoinducer synthesis. J Bacteriol. 178:5291–5294
- 26. Hanzelka BL, Stevens AM, Parsek MR, Crone TJ, Greenberg EP (1997) Mutational analysis of the Vibrio fischeri LuxI polypeptide: critical regions of an autoinducer synthase. J Bacteriol. 179:4882-4887
- 27. Hirano S, Asamizu S, Onaka H, Shiro Y, Nagano S (2008) Crystal structure of VioE, a key player in the construction of the molecular skeleton of violacein. J Biol Chem.

283:6459-6466

- 28. Hoshino T (2011) Violacein and related tryptophan metabolites produced by *Chromobacterium violaceum*: biosynthetic mechanism and pathway for construction of violacein core. Appl Microbiol Biotechnol. 91:1463-1475
- 29. Iserte JA, Stephan BI, Goñi SE, Borio CS, Ghiringhelli PD, Lozano ME (2013) Family-specific degenerate primer design: a tool to design consensus degenerated oligonucleotides. Biotechnol Res Int. 2013:383646. doi: 10.1155/2013/383646
- 30. Larkin MA, Blackshields G, Brown NP, Chenna R, McGettigan PA, McWilliam H, Valentin F, Wallace IM, Wilm A, Lopez R, Thompson JD, Gibson TJ, Higgins DG (2007) Clustal W and Clustal X version 2.0. Bioinformatics, 23:2947-2948.
- Lerat E, Moran NA (2004) The evolutionary history of quorum-sensing systems in bacteria. Mol Biol Evol. 21:903-913
- 32. Luo R, Liu B, Xie Y, Li Z, Huang W, Yuan J, He G, Chen Y, Pan Q, Liu Y, Tang J, Wu G, Zhang H, Shi Y, Liu Y, Yu C, Wang B, Lu Y, Han C, Cheung DW, Yiu SM, Peng S, Xiaoqian Z, Liu G, Liao X, Li Y, Yang H, Wang J, Lam TW, Wang J (2012) SOAPdenovo2: an empirically improved memory-efficient short-read de novo assembler. Gigascience1:18.doi:10.1186/2047-217X-1-18
- 33. McLean KH, Winson MK, Fish L, Taylor A, Chhabra SR, Camara M, Daykin M, Lamb JH, Swift S, Bycroft BW, Stewart GSAB, Williams P (1997) Quorum sensing and *Chromobacterium violaceum*: exploitation of violacein production and inhibition for the detection of *N*-acylhomoserine lactones. Microbiology. 143:3703–3711
- 34. Michael B, Smith JN, Swift S, Heffron F, Ahmer BM (2001) SdiA of *Salmonella enterica* is a LuxR homolog that detects mixed microbial communities. J Bacteriol.

183:5733-5742

- 35. Miller MB, Bassler BL (2001) Quorum sensing in bacteria. Annu Rev Microbiol. 55:165–199
- 36. Momen AZMR, Hoshino T (2000) Biosynthesis of violacein: Intact incorporation of the tryptophan molecule on the oxindole side, with intramolecular rearrangement of the indole ring on the 5-hydroxyindole side. Biosci Biotechnol Biochem. 64:539-549
- 37. Morohoshi T, Fukamachi K, Kato M, Kato N, Ikeda T (2010) Regulation of the Violacein biosynthetic gene cluster by acylhomoserine lactone-mediated quorum sensing in *Chromobacterium violaceum* ATCC 12472. Biosci Biotechnol Biochem. 74:2116-2119
- 38. Ng WL, Bassler BL (2009) Bacterial quorum-sensing network architectures. Annu Rev Genet. 43:197-222
- 39. Oinuma K, Greenberg EP (2011) Acyl-homoserine lactone binding to and stability of the orphan Pseudomonas aeruginosa quorum-sensing signal receptor QscR. J Bacteriol. 193:421-8. doi: 10.1128/JB.01041-10
- 40. Overbeek R, Olson R, Pusch GD, Olsen GJ, Davis JJ, Disz T, Edwards RA, Gerdes S, Parrello B, Shukla M, Vonstein V, Wattam AR, Xia F, Stevens R (2014) The SEED and the Rapid Annotation of microbial genomes using Subsystems Technology (RAST). Nucleic Acids Res. 42:D206-D214.doi:10.1093/nar/gkt1226
- Patankar AV, González JE (2009) Orphan LuxR regulators of quorum sensing. FEMS Microbiol Rev. 33:739–756
- 42. Pantanella F, Berlutti F, Passariello C, Sarli S, Morea C, Schippa S (2007) Violacein and biofilm production in Janthinobacterium lividum. J Appl Microbiol.

102:992-999

- 43. Saitou N, Nei M (1987) The neighbor-joining method: a new method for reconstructing phylogenetic trees. Mol Biol Evol. 4:406-425
- 44. Shaw PD, Ping G, Daly SL, Cha C, Cronan JE Jr, Rinehart KL, Farrand SK (1997) Detecting and characterizing *N*-acylhomoserine lactone signal molecules by thin-layer chromatography. Proc Natl Acad Sci USA. 94:6036-6041
- 45. Steindler L, Venturi V (2007) Detection of quorum-sensing N-acyl homoserine lactone signal molecules by bacterial biosensors. FEMS Microbiol Lett. 266:1-9
- 46. Subramoni S, Venturi V (2009) LuxR-family 'solos': bachelor sensors/regulators of signalling molecules. Microbiology. 155:1377-1385
- 47. Vannini A, Volpari C, Gargioli C, Muraglia E, Cortese R, De Francesco R, Neddermann P, Marco SD (2002) The crystal structure of the quorum sensing protein TraR bound to its autoinducer and target DNA. EMBO J. 21:4393-401
- Venil CK, Zakaria ZA, Ahmad WA (2013) Bacterial pigments and their applications.
 Process Biochem. 48:1065-1079
- 49. Wang Y, Ikawa A, Okaue S, Taniguchi S, Osaka I, Yoshimoto A, Kishida Y, Arakawa R, Enomoto K (2008) Quorum sensing signaling molecules involved in the production of violacein by *Pseudoalteromonas*. Biosci Biotechnol Biochem. 72:1958-1961
- Waters CM, Bassler BL (2005) Quorum sensing: cell-to-cell communication in bacteria. Annu Rev Cell Dev Biol. 21:319-346
- 51. Watson WT, Minogue TD, von Bodman SB, Val DL, Churchill MEA (2002) Structural basis and specificity of acyl-homoserine lactone signal production in bacterial quorum sensing. Mol Cell. 9:685-694

- 52. Whitehead NA, Barnard AM, Slater H, Simpson NJ, Salmond GP (2001) Quorum-sensing in Gram-negative bacteria. FEMS Microbiol Rev. 25:365-404
- 53. Williams P (2007) Quorum sensing, communication and cross-kingdom signalling in the bacterial world. Microbiology. 153:3923–3938
- 54. Yada S, Wang Y, Zou Y, Nagasaki K, Hosokawa K, Osaka I, Arakawa R, Enomoto K (2008) Isolation and characterization of two groups of novel marine bacteria producing violacein. Mar Biotechnol. 10:128-132
- 55. Yang LH, Xiong H, Lee OO, Qi SH, Qian PY (2007) Effect of agitation on violacein production in Pseudoalteromonas luteoviolacea isolated from a marine sponge. Lett Appl Microbiol. 44:625-30
- 56. Zhang X (2010) Violacein biosynthesis and its regulation in *Pseudoalteromonas* sp.520P1. PhD Thesis. Kochi University of Technology
- 57. Zhang X, Enomoto K (2011) Characterization of a gene cluster and its putative promoter region for violacein biosynthesis in *Pseudoalteromonas* sp. 520P1. Appl Microbiol Biotechnol. 90:1963-1971

| ABBREVIA | ATIONS |
|----------|--------|
|----------|--------|

| Name | Abbr. |
|--|---------------------------|
| <i>N</i> -acylhomoserine lactone | AHL |
| N-(3-oxooctanoyl)-homoserine lactone | 3-oxo-C8-HSL |
| N-tetradecanoyl-homoserine lactone | C14-HSL |
| 5-bromo-4-chloro-3-indolyl-D-galactopyranoside | X-Gal |
| Isopropyl-β-D-thiogalactopyranoside | IPTG |
| TLC | Thin Layer Chromatography |
| Ampicillin | Amp |
| Kanamycin | Km |
| Gentamicin | Gm |
| | |

APPENDIXES

| IUPAC nucleotide code | Base |
|-----------------------|---------------------|
| А | Adenine |
| С | Cytosine |
| G | Guanine |
| T (or U) | Thymine (or Uracil) |
| R | A or G |
| Y | C or T |
| S | G or C |
| W | A or T |
| К | G or T |
| М | A or C |
| В | C or G or T |
| D | A or G or T |
| Н | A or C or T |
| V | A or C or G |
| N | any base |

Appendix 1: IUPAC nucleotide code

Appendix 2: Partial genomic analysis of strain 520P1 No. 412 & No. 423

* Violacein gene cluster

| g412_vio | -GAAGCTAATAGCTACATTACCCCCTATCATTATATTTTGGGTGATTGGTTTCATTAGCAA |
|--------------|---|
| g423_contig1 | TGAAGCTAATAGCTACATTACCCCCTATCATTATATTTTGGGTGATTGGTTTCATTAGCAA ********************************** |
| g412 vio | CCAAATAACCGAGGGATTTCGTGCTTCAGGAAATCCAAAAGCGATGATGCAGGTACTATC |
| g423_contig1 | CCAAATAACCGAGGGATTTCGTGCTTCAGGAAATCCAAAAGCGATGATGCAGGTACTATC |
| | *************************************** |
| g412_vio | AACAGCTTCAATTCTCAACATCATTTTAGATGCGTTGTTTATATTTGTATTTGAATGGGG |
| g423_contig1 | AACAGCTTCAATTCTCAACATCATTTTAGATGCGTTGTTTATATTTGTATTTGGAATGGGG *********** |
| g412_vio | CATAGCTGGTGCTGCTTGGGCAACGATAATTGCAATTACACTAGGTTTATTAATGGCTAT |
| g423_contig1 | CATAGCTGGTGCTGCTTGGGCAACGATAATTGCAATTACACTAGGTTTATTAATGGCTAT |
| | *************************************** |
| g412_vio | GCAATTACAGAAAAAAGGGGAAAGCGCGGTAAGATTTAGCTGGTGTAAGCTTATTAGCCC |
| g423_contig1 | GCAATTACAGAAAAAAGGGGAAAGCGCGGTAAGATTTAGCTGGTGTAAGCTTATTAGCCC ********************************** |
| g412 vio | AATAAAGTTTCACCTAAAAATATTAGGTTTAGGATTGCCTGTATTATTATCCCACGGTGG |
| g423_contig1 | AATAAAGTTTCACCTAAAAATATTAGGTTTAGGATTGCCTGTATTATTATCCCACGGTGG |
| | *************************************** |
| g412_vio | TTTTTCAGTGACGCTTGCAGTAACCGTTTATTCTATTTCAACTGTATTTATAGGTGTATC |
| g423_contig1 | TTTTTCAGTGACGCTTGCAGTAACCGTTTATTCTATTTCAACTGTATTTATAGGTGTATC |
| | *************************************** |
| g412_vio | AGAGCCGTTAATCGCTGCACATGGCATATTAATAAGGTGCTTTATGTTCTTGTTTTTACC |
| g423_contig1 | AGAGCCGTTAATCGCTGCACATGGCATATTAATAAGGTGCTTTATGTTCTTGTTTTTACC |
| | *************************************** |
| g412_vio | AATAATAGGCATGATGGTTGCCCTGCAAACCTTATCTGGATATAACTATGGCGCAGGTAA |
| g423_contig1 | AATAATAGGCATGATGGTTGCCCTGCAAACCTTATCTGGATATAACTATGGCGCAGGTAA ********************************* |
| g412_vio | ATACCATAGGGTAAAACAGGCTTACTTTGTCGCTATTGCAACGAGTACTATTTGGGGGCGC |
| g423_contig1 | ATACCATAGGGTAAAACAGGCTTACTTTGTCGCTATTGCAACGAGTACTATTTGGGGCGC |
| | *************************************** |
| g412_vio | AATTGTAACATTCATTTTATGCTTCAATTCAGACTGGTTACTTAC |
| g423_contig1 | AATTGTAACATTCATTTTATGCTTCAATTCAGACTGGTTACTTAC |
| g412_vio | TATAGAGGTTATTGAACTTGGTAGTGAGCTAGCACCAATTTGTTTTGCTGGATTCATTAC |
| g423_contig1 | TATAGAGGTTATTGAACTTGGTAGTGAGCTAGCACCAATTTGTTTTGCTGGATTCATTAC |
| | *************************************** |
| g412_vio | AGCGAGTTTTTGTATGATGTCTAGTGGACTATTTCAAGGTTTAGGTCGAGCTTTACCGGC |
| g423_contig1 | AGCGAGTTTTTGTATGATGTCTAGTGGACTATTTCAAGGTTTAGGTCGAGCTTTACCGGC |
| | *************************************** |
| g412_vio | AACATTATTAGATGCAGCTAGAACCTATGTATTACTTTTACCATTGATGTACTTTTTACC |
| g423_contig1 | AACATTATTAGATGCAGCTAGAACCTATGTATTACTTTTACCATTGATGTACTTTTTACC |
| | *************************************** |

| g412_vio g423 contig1 | AAGTCTGATTGGCGAACAAGGCGTTTGGTTTGCATTTCCTATCGCCGATTTAGCAGGAGG AAGTCTGATTGGCGAACAAGGCGTTTGGTTTG |
|--------------------------|--|
| | ******************* |
| g412_vio | |
| g423_contig1 | ACTATTTGCAGTTTCTTTTTTTTTTCATTTCAATTAAATAAA |
| g412_vio | |
| g423_contigi | |
| g412_vio | TCTTTTGTTTAAGGCAATCGAGATCTTTTAATGAAATAACACCTTCATTTCTTATACAAC |
| g423_contig1 | TCTTTTGTTTAAGGCAATCGAGATCTTTTAATGAAATAACACCTTCATTTCTTATACAAC ************ |
| g412_vio | |
| g425_contigi | |
| g412_vio | ATAAAAAACAATGCAATAAATATTTAAAATCCGATGTAACATTAATATTAATTCAGGATA |
| g423_contig1 | ATAAAAACAATGCAATAAATATTTTAAAATCCGATGTAACATTAATATTAATTCAGGATA ********************************* |
| g412_vio | |
| g423_contigi | GATATATTTAAATAACTTTAAAGTTCAGGCTAATAAACTTATTTAT |
| g412_vio | ACCTTAGTTTTAATACTCAATAATCTCTTTTTATATAAAGATACAAAAATAGTACTAATTA |
| g423_contig1 | ACCTTAGTTTTAATACTCAATAATCTCTTTTTATATAAGATACAAAAATAGTACTAATTA ****************************** |
| g412_vio | |
| g423_contigi | ************************************** |
| g412_vio | TCTTTTGGGGTCTTGTATTTTACAGGGGTAAACAACAAGCCATTTAAAATTTTTCAGGGA |
| g423_contig1 | |
| g412_vio | ACATGACATATGTCGAATCAAGAAAATACTATATCCATTGTAGGGGCTGGAGTTTCAGGG |
| g423_contig1 | ACATGACATATGTCGAATCAAGAAAATACTATATCCATTGTAGGGGCTGGAGTTTCAGGG *********** |
| g412_vio | ATTATGTGCGCGCTTACGCTCGCTAATTTCCATCTAGGTAGCAAAAAAGTAATTAAAGTT |
| g423_contig1 | ATTATGTGCGCGCTTACGCTCGCTAATTTCCATCTAGGTAGCAAAAAAGTAATTAAAGTT ********************* |
| g412_vio | TTTGAACATAAAAAACGTGTCGGCGGCAGAGCGCATGCAATTAAAGTTCAAGAACAGTTT |
| g423_contig1 | TTTGAACATAAAAAACGTGTCGGCGGCAGAGCGCATGCAATTAAAGTTCAAGAACAGTTT ********************************** |
| g412_vio | ATTGATCTTGGGGCTGGTCGATTTTCACCACAACTTCATAAAAATATTAATGAATTGATA |
| g423_contigl | ATTGATCTTGGGGCTGGTCGATTTTCACCACAACTTCATAAAAATATTAATGAATTGAAT **************** |
| g412_vio | GCACATTTTAATATTGAACATGAAAGTTTTCCTTTTACACAATTAACACGACCACAAGAA |
| g423_contig1 | GCACATTTTAATATTGAACATGAAAGTTTTCCTTTTACACAATTAACACGACCACAAGAA *********************** |

| g412_vio | CTTCATAGTGAATTAAAGGAGATTTTAAACAAATTAAAGCCTTTGTGTGCTGAACACAAA |
|-----------------|--|
| g423_contig1 | CTTCATAGTGAATTAAAGGAGATTTTAAACAAATTAAAGCCTTTGTGTGCTGAACACAAA |
| | ***************** |
| g412 vio | GATGAATCCTTTTTGGATTTTTTAACCTCTTATTTAGGTGAAGAACAAAGTAAAGATATT |
| g423 contig1 | GATGAATCCTTTTTGGATTTTTTAACCTCTTATTTAGGTGAAGAACAAAGTAAAGATATT |
| <u> </u> | *************************************** |
| | |
| g412_v10 | |
| g425_contigi | *************************************** |
| | |
| g412_vio | GATATTATTGAAAAGCACCCTGAGATCCAAGGGTTCTCTGATAACGCGGGATATACATGG |
| g423_contig1 | GATATTATTGAAAAGCACCCTGAGATCCAAGGGTTCTCTGATAACGCGGGATATACATGG |
| | *************************************** |
| g412 vio | CGAAACCTTAAGGCCGGATTTTGCACTTTACCTCAAATCTTATATAAAAAAGCAGTTGAA |
| g423 contig1 | CGAAACCTTAAGGCCGGATTTTGCACTTTACCTCAAATCTTATATAAAAAAGCAGTTGAA |
| 5 _ 5 | *************************************** |
| - 110 | |
| g412_v10 | |
| g423_contigi | TTAGGTGTTGAGTTTCATTTTGATTATGAGCTTATTACAATTGATACCCATATAAAAAAA ********************** |
| | |
| g412_vio | CCGGCTTTAACTTTAAAAAATAGTGATGATGAGATTATTCGAATAACCCAAGGGGATATG |
| g423_contig1 | CCGGCTTTAACTTTAAAAAATAGTGATGATGAGATTATTCGAATAACCCAAGGGGATATG |
| | *************************************** |
| g412 vio | <u>გოიсოიგიგოფიიგიების გიგვიგვიავიია გოფავი გიოოფიიიი გიგოფი</u> |
| g423 contig1 | ATCGTCACATTGCCACCAACAGCAATGAGCAGGCTCAATTGTAACTTTCCGCAAGATTGG |
| <u>y</u> y- | ******* |
| | |
| g412_v10 | |
| g425_concigi | *************************************** |
| | |
| g412_vio | TGGTGGCAAGAATTATCATTAACAGATCATGTCATCATCACCAATAACCCAATACGAAAG |
| g423_contig1 | TGGTGGCAAGAATTATCATTAACAGATCATGTCATCATCACCAATAACCCAATACGAAAG |
| | *************************************** |
| g412 vio | CTGTACTTTAAAGATAATAGATACATCTTTTTTTACACTGATAGTGAATACGCTAATTTC |
| g423 contig1 | CTGTACTTTAAAGATAATAGATACATCTTTTTTTACACTGATAGTGAATACGCTAATTTC |
| | *************************************** |
| ~112 ···· | |
| $g_{412}v_{10}$ | |
| g425_concigi | *************************************** |
| | |
| g412_vio | GCTGAAGCAATTCAGTGCCACATAGATCAAATTCCAGATCCAATTGAACAGACTCATAAA |
| g423_contig1 | GCTGAAGCAATTCAGTGCCACATAGATCAAATTCCAGATCCAATTGAACAGACTCATAAA |
| | *************************************** |
| g412 vio | TATTGGATACATGGTGTTGAATTTTCCAAAGAGTGTAGTCCAACCCACCC |
| g423 contig1 | TATTGGATACATGGTGTTGAATTTTCCAAAGAGTGTAGTCCAACCCACCC |
| | *************************************** |
| a110 min | |
| g^{412}_{710} | GIACACAAAAAAAGIAAAAATAATTTUUGUTTUTGATGUTTATACAUCUCUAUTGTGGTTGG GTACACAAAAAAAGIAAAAAATAATTTUUGUTTUTGATGUTTATACAUCUCUCAUTGTGGTTGG |
| gazo_concryr | *************************************** |
| | |
| g412_vio | ATGGAAGGAGGCATTATGGCTGGTAAAAGTGCGGCCTTAAAACTTCTAAAACGGATTGAA |
| g423_contig1 | ATGGAAGGAGGCATTATGGCTGGTAAAAGTGCGGCCTTAAAAACTTCTAAAACGGATTGAA |
| | *************************************** |

| | Ļ |
|--------------|---|
| g412 vio | GCTGAAGAAGAAAGCATGACCGATAGTCATGAATAAAAGTTAAAGAAAATGACAAAAATA |
| g423_contig1 | GCTGAAGAAGAAAGCATGACCGATAGTCATGAATAAAGTTAAAGAAAATGACAAAAATA |
| | |
| g412_v10 | |
| g425_contigi | GGAAATTACATAAAATGAGTATTCTCGATTTTCCACGAGTTCATTTTAAAGGTGGGGGCGC |
| g412_vio | GTGTTAACGTGCCAACAGCAAACAGAAATATCAATAATACACTCGATATAACAACAAATA |
| g423_contig1 | GTGTTAACGTGCCAACAGCAAACAGAAATATCAATAATACACTCGATATAACAACAACAAATA ********************* |
| g412_vio | CTGTTTTACAAAATGGTGCAGCTTTTGATTTAAAACAACACCCCAAGTAAATGTCATGAAT |
| g423_contig1 | CTGTTTTACAAAATGGTGCAGCTTTTGATTTAAAACAACACCCAAGTAAATGTCATGAAT ********************************* |
| g412_vio | ATTTAAAAGCTTTTGAACCTAAATTCAATGCGCAAGGCCAAGAAGATAAAGCAGGACAAT |
| g423_contig1 | ATTTAAAAGCTTTTGAACCTAAATTCAATGCGCAAGGCCAAGAAGATAAAGCAGGACAAT ********************************** |
| g412 vio | TTAATCATGTTACTGGTTATAACATGATAGGTAATAACCATTTTTCTTGGGAGAATACTT |
| g423_contig1 | TTAATCATGTTACTGGTTATAACATGATAGGTAATAACCATTTTTCTTGGGAGAATACTT ******************************** |
| | |
| g412_vio | TTGTCACATCGGTTCAATTAAAACATGGCAGTTACCAAACAGATGATCCGCTGGTAGGTA |
| g423_contig1 | TTGTCACATCGGTTCAATTAAAACATGGCAGTTACCAAACAGATGATCCGCTGGTAGGTA |
| g412_vio | GTAAATTGGCATTATGGGGTCATTATAATGAGTATTTAAGGACATCTTTTAATCGTGCTC |
| g423_contig1 | GTAAATTGGCATTATGGGGTCATTATAATGAGTATTTAAGGACATCTTTTAATCGTGCTC ******************************* |
| g412 vio | GGTGGGTTGATAACGATCCAACTCGACGAGATTCGGCATTAATATATGCTGGGCAATTAA |
| g423_contig1 | GGTGGGTTGATAACGATCCAACTCGACGAGATTCGGCATTAATATATGCTGGGCAATTAA |
| _ | *************************************** |
| g412_vio | CTATTAGTGATGGAGATGCGAGTGCGAATACCGCTCATATATTATCTTCAGATATAGATT |
| g423_contig1 | CTATTAGTGATGGAGATGCGAGTGCGAATACCGCTCATATATTATCTTCAGATATAGATT **************************** |
| g412 vio | GCACTCACGGTGTGCGCTGGCTAAACCCAGGGTACATTGTTAATAAGCCAAAACATTTCA |
| g423_contig1 | GCACTCACGGTGTGCGCTGGCTAAACCCAGGGTACATTGTTAATAAGCCAAAACATTTCA ************************** |
| g412 vio | TGCAAGATGAAATGGCTGAAGCAAGGTTATTTCAATTTTCAGTGAGTAAAGACAATGAAA |
| g423_contig1 | TGCAAGATGAAATGGCTGAAGCAAGGTTATTTCAATTTTCAGTGAGTAAAGACAATGAAA ********************************** |
| | |
| g412_vio | ACTTTATATTTAATCAGCTTAATATTGATTCAGCATTCTTAGAGCAGTTAAAGATTACAC |
| g423_contig1 | ACTITIATATITIAATCAGCITIAATATIGATICAGCATICITIAGAGCAGITIAAAGATIACAC ********************************** |
| g412_vio | TTGAAGATCCTGAGGTACTAGGCTTAACAGTTCAGTACTGTATTTCTAATTTATCTCCCC |
| g423_contig1 | TTGAAGATCCTGAGGTACTAGGCTTAACAGTTCAGTACTGTATTTCTAATTTATCTCCCC ******************* |
| | |
| g412_vio | CCAGCCAACCAGATACCCCTGTATTTTGTGATTTACAAGGCACTATCAGTGTGTGGCGTA |
| g425_concigi | *************************************** |

| g412_vio | AACAAGATATGGCAACCAGCCCTACTGGCAGGATCCTACAACCAGATGATACCTCTCAAT |
|--|--|
| g423_contig1 | AACAAGATATGGCAACCAGCCCTACTGGCAGGATCCTACAACCAGATGATACCTCTCAAT |
| | *************************************** |
| g412 vio | TTTCACCAATAGCGGTAAAAAATAAAAGATAATTGGGTCAGTTTTAATATGCCCATTAGCA |
| g423 contig1 | TTTCACCAATAGCGGTAAAAAATAAAAGATAATTGGGTCAGTTTTAATATGCCCATTAGCA |
| jj- | *************************************** |
| m410 | |
| $g_{412}v_{10}$ | ΤΤΕΕΑΤΑΤΕΑΑΑGTTATGETGAGGTGTTGEECAGTTEAAAGUGGTETGEEGGEECAAAACTAA ΨΨΕΕΔΨΔΨΕΔΔΔΕΨΨΔΨΕΕΨΕΔΕΕΦΕΞΔΕΕΨΕΞΔΔΕΕΨΕΔΔΔΔΕΕΨΕΔΔΔΔΕΕΨΕΔ |
| g425_concigi | *************************************** |
| a112 min | |
| $g_{412}v_{10}$ | CCCACAAAGCCGCTCTTGGTGATTTAATATTAAAATCAGATTCAGGAAAAACGCTCGCT |
| g425_concigi | *************************************** |
| | |
| g412_v10 | TTTTTACCTGAATCCGTATACCAACAAGCCAATAACAGTACTGGTGTATTTGATGTGCCTT |
| g425_contigi | *************************************** |
| | |
| g412_v10 | TACTCGTTAATGATGCGCCAACTAGAAACGCAATCACTCAGTTTACAGTCAAATCAGCATA |
| g423_contigi | ************************************** |
| | |
| g412_vio | ACTGGCATGAAACTGATTGGCACATACAAGCTGAACAGCACATCATCGCAATTGAATCGG |
| g423_contig1 | ACTGGCATGAAACTGATTGGCACATACAAGCTGAACAGCACATCATCGCAATTGAATCGG *********************************** |
| | |
| g412_vio | CAAATCCTAAATCTGATTATAAAAGTACACACGCTATCGATGTATTTAGTTATTTCAGAG |
| g423_contig1 | CAAATCCTAAATCTGATTATAAAAGTACACACGCTATCGATGTATTTAGTTATTTCAGAG ********************************** |
| | |
| g412_vio | GTAAACCCCACCCTATTAATAAATTAATTCCTAATATAACAAC |
| g423_contig1 | GTAAACCCCACCCTATTAATAAATTAAATTCCTAATATAACAAC |
| | |
| g412_vio | GTGATGTTTATATCGAAACTGATAAAAGTGGTAGAGGTCAACTCAATATTGAAAGCTTAG |
| g423_contig1 | GTGATGTTTATATCGAAACTGATAAAAGTGGTAGAGGTCAACTCAATATTGAAAGCTTAG *********************************** |
| | |
| g412_vio | CGCCTGGTAGCGGTGAATTGTTTTTAGGTGAGCACCATAGCCCAGTACAAGTTCGCATAC |
| g423_contig1 | CGCCTGGTAGCGGTGAATTGTTTTTAGGTGAGCACCATAGCCCAGTACAAGTTCGCATAC ********************************** |
| | |
| - 110 | |
| g412_v10 | TCAGTGATGATTGGTCTTTACTCGATGTCGCAGATGAAAATGTAGATTATGATTTCCTTT |
| g412_010 g423_contig1 | TCAGTGATGATTGGTCTTTACTCGATGTCGCAGATGAAAATGTAGATTATGATTTCCTTT TCAGTGATGATTGGTCTTTACTCGATGTCGCAGATGAAAATGTAGATTATGATTTCCTTT ****************************** |
| g412_v10 g423_contig1 | TCAGTGATGATTGGTCTTTACTCGATGTCGCAGATGAAAATGTAGATTATGATTTCCTTT TCAGTGATGATTGGTCTTTACTCGATGTCGCAGATGAAAATGTAGATTATGATTTCCTTT ****************************** |
| g412_v10 g423_contig1 g412_vi0 | TCAGTGATGATTGGTCTTTACTCGATGTCGCAGATGAAAATGTAGATTATGATTTCCTTT TCAGTGATGATTGGTCTTTACTCGATGTCGCAGATGAAAATGTAGATTATGATTTCCTTT ****************************** |
| g412_v10 g423_contig1 g412_vio g423_contig1 | TCAGTGATGATTGGTCTTTACTCGATGTCGCAGATGAAAATGTAGATTATGATTTCCTTT TCAGTGATGATTGGTCTTTACTCGATGTCGCAGATGAAAATGTAGATTATGATTTCCTTT ****************************** |
| g412_vio g423_contig1 g412_vio g423_contig1 | TCAGTGATGATTGGTCTTTACTCGATGTCGCAGATGAAAATGTAGATTATGATTTCCTTT TCAGTGATGATTGGTCTTTACTCGATGTCGCAGATGAAAATGTAGATTATGATTTCCTTT ****************************** |
| g412_v10 g423_contig1 g412_vio g423_contig1 g412_vio | TCAGTGATGATTGGTCTTTACTCGATGTCGCAGATGAAAATGTAGATTATGATTTCCTTT TCAGTGATGATTGGTCTTTACTCGATGTCGCAGATGAAAATGTAGATTATGATTTCCTTT ****************************** |
| g412_vio g423_contig1 g412_vio g423_contig1 g412_vio g423_contig1 | TCAGTGATGATGGTCTTTACTCGATGTCGCAGATGAAAATGTAGATTATGATTTCCTTT TCAGTGATGATTGGTCTTTACTCGATGTCGCAGATGAAAATGTAGATTATGATTTCCTTT ****************************** |
| g412_vio g423_contig1 g412_vio g423_contig1 g412_vio g423_contig1 | TCAGTGATGATTGGTCTTTACTCGATGTCGCAGATGAAAATGTAGATTATGATTTCCTTT TCAGTGATGATTGGTCTTTACTCGATGTCGCAGATGAAAATGTAGATTATGATTTCCTTT ****************************** |
| g412_vio g423_contig1 g412_vio g423_contig1 g412_vio g423_contig1 g412_vio | TCAGTGATGATTGGTCTTTACTCGATGTCGCAGATGAAAATGTAGATTATGATTTCCTTT TCAGTGATGATTGGTCTTTACTCGATGTCGCAGATGAAAATGTAGATTATGATTTCCTTT ****************************** |
| g412_vio g423_contig1 g412_vio g423_contig1 g412_vio g423_contig1 g412_vio g423_contig1 | TCAGTGATGATGGTCTTTACTCGATGTCGCAGATGAAAATGTAGATTATGATTTCCTTT TCAGTGATGATGGTCTTTACTCGATGTCGCAGATGAAAATGTAGATTATGATTTCCTTT ****************************** |
| g412_vio g423_contig1 g412_vio g423_contig1 g412_vio g423_contig1 g412_vio g423_contig1 | TCAGTGATGATTGGTCTTTACTCGATGTCGCAGATGAAAATGTAGATTATGATTTCCTTT TCAGTGATGATTGGTCTTTACTCGATGTCGCAGATGAAAATGTAGATTATGATTTCCTTT ****************************** |
| g412_vio g423_contig1 g412_vio g423_contig1 g412_vio g423_contig1 g412_vio g423_contig1 g412_vio g423_contig1 | TCAGTGATGATGGTCTTTACTCGATGTCGCAGATGAAAATGTAGATTATGATTTCCTTT TCAGTGATGATGGTCTTTACTCGATGTCGCAGATGAAAATGTAGATTATGATTTCCTTT ****************************** |

| g412_vio g423_contig1 | CGCCATTAGAGCCCCAGTTTACTGCGCAAGGTAGTATTAAAACTAAAGCTCAGTTAATAA CGCCATTAGAGCCCCAGTTTACTGCGCAAGGTAGTATTAAAACTAAAGCTCAGTTAATAA ****************************** |
|--------------------------|--|
| g412 vio | GCAAGCTACGTGATGCGGTAGATTTAGAGTTATCGATTATGTTGCAATATCTTTATAGCG |
| g423 contig1 | GCAAGCTACGTGATGCGGTAGATTTAGAGTTATCGATTATGTTGCAATATCTTTATAGCG |
| , <u>,</u> ,. | *************************************** |
| g412_vio | CCTATTCGTTACCTACCTATGCTGCAGGGGGGGGCAATATGTAGAGTCAGAACGTTGGACAC |
| g423_contig1 | CCTATTCGTTACCTACCTATGCTGCAGGGGGGGGGGGAGCAATATGTAGAGTCAGAACGTTGGACAC |
| | *************************************** |
| g412 vio | AAGCTCAGTTAGAGTTAGTTAACGGTTCCAAGGAAAGGCGAAAAAACAGTGGTTGGCGAG |
| g423 contig1 | AAGCTCAGTTAGAGTTAGTTAACGGTTCCAAGGAAAGGCGAAAAAACAGTGGTTGGCGAG |
| <u> </u> | *************************************** |
| g412_vio | GTGCTATTTTAGAGATCGCCCATGAAGAAATGATACATTATTTGGTCATCAATAATATCT |
| g423_contig1 | GTGCTATTTTAGAGATCGCCCATGAAGAAATGATACATTATTTGGTCATCAATAATATCT |
| | *************************************** |
| g412 vio | TGATGTCTCTAGGTGAGCCTTTCTACCCTGGAGAGCCTGTTTTTGCACAAGCCGCCAAAG |
| g423 contig1 | TGATGTCTCTAGGTGAGCCTTTCTACCCTGGAGAGCCTGTTTTTGCACAAGCCGCCAAAG |
| | *************************************** |
| g412 vio | <u>ΔGAAGTTTGGCTTAGATACTGAATTTTCTTTTGAGCCTTTTTCGAGCATATTATTGCTA</u> |
| g423 contig1 | Δ <u>C</u> <u>A</u> <u>C</u> <u>C</u> <u>C</u> <u>T</u> <u>T</u> <u>A</u> <u>C</u> <u>A</u> <u>C</u> <u>T</u> <u>C</u> <u>C</u> <u>C</u> <u>C</u> <u>C</u> <u>T</u> <u>T</u> <u>T</u> <u>C</u> <u>C</u> <u>C</u> <u>C</u> <u>C</u> <u>T</u> <u>A</u> <u>C</u> <u>A</u> <u>T</u> <u>A</u> <u>C</u> <u>T</u> <u>A</u> <u>C</u> <u>A</u> <u>T</u> <u>A</u> <u>C</u> <u>T</u> <u>A</u> <u>C</u> <u>A</u> <u>T</u> <u>A</u> <u>A</u> <u>C</u> <u>A</u> <u>T</u> <u>A</u> <u>A</u> <u>C</u> <u>A</u> <u>T</u> <u>A</u> <u>A</u> <u>C</u> <u>A</u> <u>A</u> <u>C</u> <u>A</u> <u>T</u> <u>A</u> <u>A</u> <u>C</u> <u>A</u> <u>T</u> <u>A</u> <u>A</u> <u>C</u> <u>A</u> <u>T</u> <u>A</u> <u>C</u> <u>A</u> <u>C</u> <u>A</u> <u>T</u> <u>A</u> <u>A</u> <u>C</u> <u>A</u> <u>T</u> <u>A</u> <u>C</u> <u>A</u> <u>C</u> <u>A</u> <u>T</u> <u>A</u> <u>A</u> <u>C</u> <u>A</u> <u>C</u> <u>A</u> <u>T</u> <u>A</u> <u>A</u> <u>A</u> <u>C</u> <u>A</u> <u>C</u> <u>A</u> <u>C</u> <u>A</u> <u>C</u> <u>A</u> <u>T</u> <u>A</u> |
| <u>,</u> | *************************************** |
| g412 vio | AGTTTGTCCGCTTTGAATGGCCTCATTTCTTTCCTTCTGTTGGTAAGTCGATAGCCGATT |
| g423 contig1 | AGTTTGTCCGCTTTGAATGGCCTCATTTCTTTCCTTCTGTTGGTAAGTCGATAGCCGATT |
| <u> </u> | *************************************** |
| g412 vio | TTTATAACGAAATTCGTATTGCTATCAACGAAATACCCGACTTATATACCCAAGACATGA |
| g423 contig1 | TTTATAACGAAATTCGTATTGCTATCAACGAAATACCCGACTTATATACCCCAAGACATGA |
| j j- | *************************************** |
| g412 vio | ATAAGCAAGGTGGTGAACATCACTTATTTTTAAACGAAATAATAAACCGTGCTTATCCTA |
| g423 contig1 | ATAAGCAAGGTGGTGAACATCACTTATTTTTTAAACGAAATAATAAACCGTGCTTATCCTA |
| | *************************************** |
| g412 vio | ATTATCAGTTTGAAGTTTATGATAAAGAAACTGCATTATTTGCTATCGACTTTGTTACCG |
| g423 contig1 | ATTATCAGTTTGAAGTTTATGATAAAGAAACTGCATTATTTGCTATCGACTTTGTTACCG |
| <u> </u> | *************************************** |
| g412 vio | AGCAAGGTGAAGGCGCTAGTGCTGATTCTCCACAATTTGAACATAGCCATTTTAACCGCT |
| g423 contig1 | AGCAAGGTGAAGGCGCTAGTGCTGATTCTCCACAATTTGAACATAGCCATTTTAACCGCT |
| , <u>.</u> ,. | *************************************** |
| g412 vio | TAAGATCTATATCTAAAAAACCTCACTCTTAGCGACATTCCTTTTGAACCTGCTTATCCCG |
| g423 contig1 | TAAGATCTATATCTAAAAAACCTCACTCTTAGCGACATTCCTTTTGAACCTGCTTATCCCG |
| <u> </u> | *************************************** |
| g412 vio | TTTTAAAAAATCCAGTGATAAGTCAGCGAGCAGGGTGCAATGTTGTTACAAACCCCGAATG |
| g423 contig1 | TTTTAAAAAATCCAGTGATAAGTCAGCGAGCAGGGTGCAATGTTGTTACAAACCCCGAATG |
| , <u>-</u> | *************************************** |
| a412 vio | <u>ССАСАССФФФААФСАССФФФАФСААССФФСАФСААСФФСАФСА</u> |
| $g_{12}v_{10}$ | CCACACCCTTTALGACGCTTTALCAAGGTTGTCATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGC |
| gazo_concigi | *************************************** |

| g412_vio g423_contig1 | GGATGGCGCACGCTCTTGTGTAAGAGATGCCATGCAAACTCACTGTCGACGATTTGAATT GGATGGCGCACGCTCTTGTGTAAGAGATGCCATGCAAACTCACTGTCGACGATTTGAATT ******************* |
|--------------------------|---|
| g412_vio g423_contig1 | GGATGGCGCACGCTCTTGTGTAAGAGATGCCATGCAAACTCACTGTCGACGATTTGAATT GGATGGCGCACGCTCTTGTGTAAGAGATGCCATGCAAACTCACTGTCGACGATTTGAATT |
| g425_concigi | |
| g425_concigi | * |
| all a contial | GTTAACTAAAGATTTAAATGATAATTTTATTGAGCACTCAGGTGACTTATTAATTGGTGC |
| g412_vio | GTTAACTAAAGATTTAAATGATAATTTTATTGAGCACTCAGGTGACTTATTAATTGGTGC |
| , _ | *************************************** |
| g412_vio g423 contig1 | AGGCGTTAATTACCATTACAACCAGCGCTGCATTGAAGTTAATTTAAATAAA |
| - 410 | |
| g423_contig1 | ACCATTGTCTCTTAGTCGCAGTGCTTTTCAGTTATTACTCAATAAATA |
| g412_vio | ACCATTGTCTCTTAGTCGCAGTGCTTTTCAGTTATTACTCAATAAATA |
| | *************************************** |
| g412_v10 g423_contig1 | GTCTTTATTTGTTGCCGGTAAAAATAAAATAAGAGAACTCCCTCC |
| -410 | |
| g423_contigl | TGTTGAAGCTGGCATTCCACTTAAAGAGCTTCAAGCCTGTGGTATAGAAGTATCAGGTAT ********************************* |
| g412_vio | |
| | ~~~~ ********************************* |
| g423_contig1 | AGACCAAGTTAGCTCAAGGGCAATAGGTGTCAGTATGACTGTCCGTGGCATAGAGGCTGT |
| g412 vio | AGACCAAGTTAGCTCAAGGGCAATAGGTGTCAGTATGACTGTCCGTGGCATAGAGGCTGT |
| ,, | ***************** |
| g412_vio g423 contig1 | ACTCGAAATTCATGTTATTGAAAAGCGAGGAAATCCTTTACTCGATCAAAGTGATTACAT ACTCGAAATTCATGTTATTGAAAAGCGAGGAAATCCTTTACTCGATCAAAGTGATTACAT |
| | |
| g423_contig1 | AATCCTTGTTGGCGGCGGTCTAGCTGGCAGTCTTACAGCAATATTTTTAGCGAGAAAAGG *************************** |
| g412_vio | AATCCTTGTTGGCGGCGGTCTAGCTGGCAGTCTTACAGCAATATTTTTAGCGAGAAAAGG |
| | *************************************** |
| g423_contig1 | AACAAATGACTGAACTCGCAACAAATAAATTATCAAGGGAAGGTTAA TAATGAAAAAAA |
| g412 vio | |
| , . | *************************************** |
| g412_vio g423_contig1 | CCAAAGAAATAAAAGCAACCCCACCAGAAACACAAATAGAATTACTTGAGTTTTATCAAA CCAAAGAAATAAAAGCAACCCCCACCAGAAACACAAATAGAATTACTTGAGTTTTATCAAA |
| | |
| g423_contig1 | CAAATTACGAAAAAGGCTGCCTTGCATTAGCGCAAGCGTGTAAAGAACTTGCTGAAACAG ******************************** |
| g412_vio | CAAATTACGAAAAAGGCTGCCTTGCATTAGCGCAAGCGTGTAAAGAACTTGCTGAAACAG |
| | *************************************** |
| g423_contig1 | GAACTGCAGGTCGAAATGCAGGTCCCCCACTACCTCAAGCTATTAAATTTAAAGCGACAT |
| g412 vic | ႺႦႿႧႥႺႠႿႺႺႥႠႺႦႿႦႿႥႺႠႦႺႺႥႠႶႠႶႠႶႦჿႠჁჁჿႦႦჿჿჿჿჿჿჿჿჿჿჿჿჿჿჿჿჿჿჿჿჿჿჿჿჿჿ |
| 9425_CONCEPT | *************************************** |
| g412_vio | TAGATTTAATGACAGGTATTTTAAGGCCTTTATCAGTGCACCTTATGACTTTACCGTCTG |
| | ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ |
| g423_contig1 | AACATTTTGCACAAACTTCAAAAGGGAGTATGCGTCGATCTCGATTAATGAATG |
| 0412 V10 | AACATTTTGCACAAACTTCAAAAGGGAGTATGCGTCGATCTCGATTAATGAATG |
| g412_vio | CGGCTTAAGGCCTGATCTTTTACACTTTTTTGGCATGGACTCTCATGGTCAATTTGCAGG |
|--|---|
| g423 contig1 | CGGCTTAAGGCCTGATCTTTTACACTTTTTTGGCATGGACTCTCATGGTCAATTTGCAGG |
| | *************************************** |
| g412_vio | TAGGGCAGCAACGATCCCTGATGGCAGTATCAGCTTCGCGGTTTGCCTACCCTTTAAAGG |
| g423_contig1 | TAGGGCAGCAACGATCCCTGATGGCAGTATCAGCTTCGCGGTTTGCCTACCCTTTAAAGG |
| | *************************************** |
| g412_vio | AAAAGTAAGTCTACATACAGATGATAAAGTCGCCATGCGAGAATTTTTTGACCGATATTA |
| g423_contig1 | AAAAGTAAGTCTACATACAGATGATAAAGTCGCCATGCGAGAATTTTTTGACCGATATTA |
| | *************************************** |
| g412_vio | CTCTATGGTACCTAAACATATTCGCCAAGAGTTACTAGAACAATTTATGGTTAAGCCGAG |
| g423_contig1 | CTCTATGGTACCTAAACATATTCGCCAAGAGTTACTAGAACAATTTATGGTTAAGCCGAG |
| | *************************************** |
| g412_vio | TAATGATCTTATTAATGTGCGCTCATCTACTTTTCACTATAAAGATAAAGCCTTACTGAT |
| g423 contig1 | TAATGATCTTATTAATGTGCGCTCATCTACTTTTCACTATAAAGATAAAGCCTTACTGAT |
| | *************************************** |
| g412 vio | TGGCGACTCTGCGCATGCAACAGCGCCATTTTTAGGTCAAGGCATGAATATGGCTCTTGA |
| g423 contig1 | TGGCGACTCTGCGCATGCAACAGCGCCATTTTTAGGTCAAGGCATGAATATGGCTCTTGA |
| 5 _ 5 | ******************* |
| g412 vio | AGACGCTTATGTTTTATCATGCTTATTTGATAAATATGATGCTAATTTAAGTAAAATTTT |
| g423 contig1 | AGACGCTTATGTTTTATCATGCTTATTTGATAAATATGATGCTAATTTAAGTAAAATTTT |
| 5 5 | ***************** |
| g412 vio | ACCTGACTTTACAACCTTACGAAAAGTAGAAGCCGATGCAATGCAAGACATGGCAAGAGC |
| g423 contig1 | ACCTGACTTTACAACCTTACGAAAAGTAGAAGCCGATGCAATGCAAGACATGGCAAGAGC |
| | |
| 5 _ 5 | ***************** |
| g412 vio | ************************************** |
| g412_vio g423 contig1 | ************************************** |
| g412_vio g423_contig1 | ************************************** |
| g412_vio g423_contig1 g412_vio | ************************************** |
| g412_vio g423_contig1 g412_vio g423_contig1 | ************************************** |
| g412_vio g423_contig1 g412_vio g423_contig1 | ************************************** |
| g412_vio g423_contig1 g412_vio g423_contig1 g412_vio | ************************************** |
| g412_vio g423_contig1 g412_vio g423_contig1 g412_vio g422_vio g423_contig1 | ************************************** |
| g412_vio g423_contig1 g412_vio g423_contig1 g412_vio g423_contig1 | ************************************** |
| g412_vio g423_contig1 g412_vio g423_contig1 g412_vio g423_contig1 | ************************************** |
| g412_vio g423_contig1 g412_vio g423_contig1 g412_vio g423_contig1 g412_vio | ************************************** |
| g412_vio g423_contig1 g412_vio g423_contig1 g412_vio g423_contig1 g412_vio g412_vio g423_contig1 | ************************************ |
| g412_vio g423_contig1 g412_vio g423_contig1 g412_vio g423_contig1 g412_vio g412_vio g423_contig1 | ************************************ |
| g412_vio g423_contig1 g412_vio g423_contig1 g412_vio g423_contig1 g412_vio g423_contig1 g412_vio g423_contig1 g412_vio | ************************************ |
| g412_vio g423_contig1 g412_vio g423_contig1 g412_vio g423_contig1 g412_vio g423_contig1 g412_vio g423_contig1 | ************************************ |
| g412_vio g423_contig1 g412_vio g423_contig1 g412_vio g423_contig1 g412_vio g423_contig1 g412_vio g423_contig1 | AAATTATGAAGTATTAAGTTGTTCAAACCCTATTTTCTTCCTAAGAGCCAGATACTTACG AAATTATGAAGTATTAAGTTGTTCAAACCCTATTTTCTTCCTAAGAGCCAGATACTTACG AAATTATGAAGTATTAAGTTGTTCAAACCCTATTTTCTTCCTAAGAGGCAGAGAAATTATATT TTATATGGGTCAAAAACTTCCAAAGCTTTACCCGCCAGATATGGCAGAGAAATTATATTT TTATATGGGTCAAAAACTTCCAAAGCTTTACCCGCCAGATATGGCAGAGAAATTATATTT AAATTATGGGTCAAAAACTTCCAAAGCTTTCAACAAAAACAAAATGTTTGGTACAA CACTTCAATGAAATACAGCAAAATTAGACACTTTCAACAAAAACAAAATGTTTGGTACAA ACACTTCAATGAAATACAGCAAAATTAGACACTTTCAACAAAAACAAAATGTTTGGTACAA AATAGGGAGATTAAATTAA |
| g412_vio g423_contig1 g412_vio g423_contig1 g412_vio g423_contig1 g412_vio g423_contig1 g412_vio g423_contig1 g412_vio g423_contig1 g412_vio | AAATTATGAAGTATTAAGTTGTTCAAACCCTATTTTCTTCCTAAGAGCCAGATACTTACG AAATTATGAAGTATTAAGTTGTTCAAACCCTATTTTCTTCCTAAGAGCCAGATACTTACG ************************************ |
| g412_vio g423_contig1 g412_vio g423_contig1 g412_vio g423_contig1 g412_vio g423_contig1 g412_vio g423_contig1 g412_vio g423_contig1 | AAATTATGAAGTATTAAGTTGTTCAAACCCTATTTTCTTCCTAAGAGCCAGATACTTACG AAATTATGAAGTATTAAGTTGTTCAAACCCTATTTTCTTCCTAAGAGCCAGATACTTACG ************************************ |
| g412_vio g423_contig1 g412_vio g423_contig1 g412_vio g423_contig1 g412_vio g423_contig1 g412_vio g423_contig1 g412_vio g423_contig1 g412_vio g423_contig1 | AAATTATGAAGTATTAAGTTGTTCAAACCCTATTTTCTTCCTAAGAGCCAGATACTTACG AAATTATGAAGTATTAAGTTGTTCAAACCCTATTTTCTTCCTCCTAAGAGCCAGATACTTACG AAATTATGAAGTATTAAGTTGTTCAAACCCTATTTTCTTCCTCCTAAGAGCCAGATACTTACG TTATATGGGGTCAAAAACTTCCAAAGCTTTACCCGCCAGATATGGCAGAGAAATTATATTT ************************ |
| g412_vio g423_contig1 g412_vio g423_contig1 g412_vio g423_contig1 g412_vio g423_contig1 g412_vio g423_contig1 g412_vio g423_contig1 g412_vio g423_contig1 g412_vio g423_contig1 | AAATTATGAAGTATTAAGTTGTTCAAACCCTATTTTCTTCCTAAGAGCCAGATACTTACG AAATTATGAAGTATTAAGTTGTTCAAACCCTATTTTCTTCCTAAGAGCCAGATACTTACG ************************************ |
| g412_vio g423_contig1 g412_vio g423_contig1 g412_vio g423_contig1 g412_vio g423_contig1 g412_vio g423_contig1 g412_vio g423_contig1 g412_vio g423_contig1 g412_vio g423_contig1 | AAATTATGAAGTATTAAGTTGTTCAAACCCTATTTTCTTCCTAAGAGCCAGATACTTACG AAATTATGAAGTATTAAGTTGTTCAAACCCTATTTTCTTCCTAAGAGCCAGATACTTACG AAATTATGAAGTATTAAGTTGTTCAAACCCTATTTTCTTCCTAAGAGCCAGATACTTACG AAATTATGGGTCAAAAACTTCCAAAGCTTTACCCGCCAGATATGGCAGAGAAATTATATTT TTATATGGGTCAAAAACTTCCAAAGCTTTACCCGCCAGATATGGCAGAGAAATTATATTT AATATGGGTCAAAAACTTCCAAAGCTTTCAACAAAAACAAAATGTTTGGTACAA ACCTTCAATGAAATACAGCAAAATTAGACACTTTCAACAAAAACAAAATGTTTGGTACAA AATTAGGGAGATTAAATTAA |

| g412_vio g423_contig1 | TTTAAGCTTACACATCATAATGACTCAGCCTTAACTAAAACCGGCGTCACTTTATGTGGT TTTAAGCTTACACATCATCATCACCTCAGCCTTAACTAAAACCGGCGTCACTTTATGTGGCGT |
|----------------------------|---|
| g.20_00.02g2 | *************************************** |
| g412_vio | GCCGAGCGTAAATCTATGGTGCATGAACTTCGTCAATTATGTATTGGTTTAGGTATTTCG |
| g423_contig1 | GCCGAGCGTAAATCTATGGTGCATGAACTTCGTCAATTATGTATTGGTTTAGGTATTTCG |
| | *************************************** |
| g412_vio | ATTGAATATGAAAAACCCGGCATCAAAACTCGTTGACCTACAATGTAACAAATATGATTTA |
| g423_contig1 | ATTGAATATGAAAAACCCGGCATCAAAACTCGTTGACCTACAATGTAACAAATATGATTTA |
| a412 vio | ႺͲͲႺͲͲϹͲͲͲϹϿϿϿͲႺႺͲϿͲͲϿϿͲϹϿͲϿϹϿͲϹͽϿϹϲͲϿϹͽϿϪϲϿϿϲϲͽͲͲͽͽͽϲϲϹϹͲ |
| q423 contig1 | GTTGTTGTTTCAAATGGTATTAATCATCATCAACGTACTATAAAGAAGCATTAAAGCCT |
| | *************************************** |
| g412_vio | AAAGTTGAATTCGGTAAAAATCGTTATATGTGGTACGGGACGACTAAAAAGTTTGATGAA |
| g423_contig1 | AAAGTTGAATTCGGTAAAAAATCGTTATATGTGGTACGGGACGACTAAAAAGTTTGATGAA |
| | *************************************** |
| g412_vio | ATGAATTTAATTTTCAAAACGAAAGCTAAAGGTATTTTTGTTGCTCACTGTTATAAATAT |
| g423_contig1 | ATGAATTTAATTTTCAAAACGAAAGCTAAAGGTATTTTTGTTGCTCACTGTTATAAATAT *************************** |
| a412 min | |
| $g412_v10$ g423 contig1 | TCCAGTAATATGAGTACTTTTGTTGTTGTTGAATGTAGTGAAGAAACGTATATAAATTCAGGT |
| <u>,</u> | ****************** |
| g412_vio | CTTGATGAAATGTCGACTCAAAATGCCGAAGCCTTTATTGCTTCAGTATTTGAAGAAGAG |
| g423_contig1 | CTTGATGAAATGTCGACTCAAAATGCCGAAGCCTTTATTGCTTCAGTATTTGAAGAAGAG |
| | *************************************** |
| g412_vio | TTAGACGGTCAAACGGTTATATCACCAAAAGGGCTCAAATGGCGTAACTTCATGACATTG |
| g423_contig1 | TTAGACGGTCAAACGGTTATATCACCAAAAGGGCTCAAATGGCGTAACTTCATGACATTG *********************************** |
| g412 vio | AGTCATGAACAAGCCTATAGCGATAATATTGTTTTACTAGGTGATGCACTGCAATCAGGA |
| g423_contig1 | AGTCATGAACAAGCCTATAGCGATAATATTGTTTTACTAGGTGATGCACTGCAATCAGGA |
| | *************************************** |
| g412_vio | CATTTTTCTATTGGTCACGGTACGACTATGGCTGTAGTTGGCGCACAAATGTTAGTTA |
| g423_contig1 | CATTTTTCTATTGGTCACGGTACGACTATGGCTGTAGTTGGCGCACAAATGTTAGTTA |
| g412 vio | TCGGTTTACGATCATAGTGATAATATTGCTACGGCGTTAGAAGATTTTAACCAAAATGTG |
| g423_contig1 | TCGGTTTACGATCATAGTGATAATATTGCTACGGCGTTAGAAGATTTTAACCAAAATGTG |
| | *************************************** |
| g412_vio | ATGCCTGTCATGCAATTGTTTGATCAACATGCAAGTACTAGCCGATTATGGTTTGAAAGC |
| g423_contig1 | ATGCCTGTCATGCAATTGTTTGATCAACATGCAAGTACTAGCCGATTATGGTTTGAAAGC |
| g412 vio | GTAGAAGACCGCATGCATTTATCAACTCCTGAGCTAGCACAAAGCTTTGCGACGCGCAGA |
| g423 contig1 | GTAGAAGACCGCATGCATTTATCAACTCCTGAGCTAGCACAAAGCTTTGCGACGCGCAGA |
| | *************************************** |
| g412_vio | AACCAATTACCTCCTCTACCGCCAGCGTTAGGACAAGCACTTGAAAAAGCTTTAGCGCGA |
| g423_contig1 | AACCAATTACCTCCTCTACCGCCAGCGTTAGGACAAGCACTTGAAAAAGCTTTAGCGCGA ******************************** |
| | ↓ vioE |
| g412_vio | GGAGAAAAGTAAATGCAGTTTAATAAAATAACAAAAGTCGCTCCTTTATTACCTGAACAA |
| g423_contigl | GGAGAAAAGTAAATGCAGTTTAATAAAATAACAAAAGTCGCTCCTTTATTACCTGAACAA ********************************* |
| | ↑ |

| g412_vio | TGGAGTAGCAGTTACATTTCATATTGGATTCCTATGCAGCCTGACGATGATATTACTTCA |
|--|--|
| g423_contig1 | TGGAGTAGCAGTTACATTTCATATTGGATTCCTATGCAGCCTGACGATGATATTACTTCA |
| | *************************************** |
| g412_vio | GGGTACTGTTGGTTCGATTATAAAAAAATGTTTGTCGCATTGATGGTTTATTTA |
| g423_contig1 | GGGTACTGTTGGTTCGATTATAAAAAAAATGTTTGTCGCATTGATGGTTTATTTA |
| | *************************************** |
| g412_vio | TGGTCTGAGAAAAAAAGGGTCACAGATTATGGATGTCTGAAATCATGTACCCCAGTACT |
| g423_contig1 | TGGTCTGAGAAAAAAAAGGGTCACAGATTATGGATGTCTGAAATCATGTACCCCAGTACT |
| | *************************************** |
| g412_vio | GATGAATCATTTAAATCTAAAGTGTCATATACGCGGAACGATATGACAAAGACTTCTGCA |
| g423_contig1 | GATGAATCATTTAAATCTAAAGTGTCATATACGCGGAACGATATGACAAAGACTTCTGCA |
| | *************************************** |
| g412_vio | TTTGAAGCTGCAGTATTAAATGATGAAATAGACCCTTGTCATGAACTGATACTTACGCAA |
| g423_contig1 | TTTGAAGCTGCAGTATTAAATGATGAAATAGACCCTTGTCATGAACTGATACTTACGCAA |
| | *************************************** |
| g412_vio | GATGTATTAATAACATGCAATGCACAATATATTGGTACATCTAATATTCTAGGTCATGAA |
| g423_contig1 | GATGTATTAATAACATGCAATGCACAATATATTGGTACATCTAATATTCTAGGTCATGAA |
| _ | *************************************** |
| g412_vio | GTTGATGAATGGTTTTTTCAACGTCCTAATGGCAAAGGACCTGCTACTTATTACTTTATA |
| g423_contig1 | GTTGATGAATGGTTTTTTCAACGTCCTAATGGCAAAGGACCTGCTACTTATTACTTTATA |
| | *************************************** |
| g412_vio | AGTGATACCAATCACTTAGTACGTATGATAACCGGAGATCCAAAAGTACAGGCGTCAGTA |
| g423_contig1 | AGTGATACCAATCACTTAGTACGTATGATAACCGGAGATCCAAAAGTACAGGCGTCAGTA |
| | *************************************** |
| g412_vio | AGAGACTTTCCAAACTTCAATACTTATAAAATTTCTCAAAAAAA |
| g423_contig1 | AGAGACTTTCCAAACTTCAATACTTATAAAATTTCTCAAAAAACATTTCAACCTGAACCC |
| | *************************************** |
| g412_vio | TTAAATAAATAAAGGTGGCATGTGACAGCCATTAAGTTTAATAATGGCTGTTTTTAAACGT |
| g423_contig1 | TTAAATAAA TAA GGTGGCATGTGACAGCCATTAAGTTTAATAATGGCTGTTTTTAAACGT |
| | *************************************** |
| g412 vio | AAAAGCAAAGTTGTATTTCAGAATAAATTTAATCCAAAAGCTGATTTAACACGCTGAGAG |
| g423 contig1 | AAAAGCAAAGTTGTATTTCAGAATAAATTTAATCCAAAAGCTGATTTAACACGCTGAGAG |
| | *************************************** |
| g412 vio | ACGGCCTGAGTTTGTTGGTTTGCCAGCTCAGTTCCAGATTTAAGAATAGAAATGAGTTCT |
| g423 contig1 | ACGGCCTGAGTTTGTTGGTTTGCCAGCTCAGTTCCAGATTTAAGAATAGAAATGAGTTCT |
| | *************************************** |
| g412 vio | GCTTTATCAGCTAAGTAACGCTCTCTCTTAGCTCTGATCGGTGTGATTAGATTAATTA |
| g423 contig1 | GCTTTATCAGCTAAGTAACGCTCTCTCTTAGCTCTGATCGGTGTGATTAGATTAATTA |
| _ | *************************************** |
| g412_vio | CAATCACTTAAAATACCTTTTAATTTACTGTCCCCTAACCCACCAGATGCATAATGGTTT |
| g423_contig1 | CAATCACTTAAAATACCTTTTAATTTACTGTCCCCTAACCCACCAGATGCATAATGGTTT |
| | *************************************** |
| g412_vio | TTAAGTTGTGCGATATAGGTTTTATCTTCATGAAAAGCATCTAAATAAGTAAATACAACA |
| g423_contig1 | TTAAGTTGTGCGATATAGGTTTTATCTTCATGAAAAGCATCTAAATAAGTAAATACAACA |
| 1999 - 19 99 - 1 999 - 1999 | ****************** |

| g412_vio g423_contig1 | TTACCTTCTACTTGCCCAGGATCGTCTACTCTTAAGTGATTTGAATCGGTATACATAGCG TTACCTTCTACTTGCCCAGGATCGTCTACTCTTAAGTGATTTGAATCGGTATACATAGCG *********************************** |
|--------------------------|--|
| g412_vio g423_contig1 | CGAACAGCTTTTACTATCATGTCATCACTACTACCAAAAGTAATCACATTACCCAGTGAT CGAACAGCTTTTACTATCATGTCATCACTACTACCAAAAGTAATCACATTACCCAGTGAT ********************************* |
| g412_vio g423_contig1 | TTAGACATTTTAGCTTTACCATCTACACCCGGTAATCTAGGTGTATCACTCAATAATGGT TTAGACATTTTAGCTTTACCATCTACACCCGGTAATCTAGGTGTATCACTCAATAATGGT ****************************** |
| g412_vio g423_contig1 | TTCGCTTCAATTAAAACAGGCTGCTGTGCAATATTGTTTAATTTTCTTACTATTTCATTG TTCGCTTCAATTAAAACAGGCTGCTGTGCAATATTGTTTAATTTTCTTACTATTTCATTG *********************************** |
| g412_vio g423_contig1 | GTAATTTCTATCATAGGTAACTGATCATCGCCAACAGGAACTAAAGTCGCATCAAAAGCT GTAATTTCTATCATAGGTAACTGATCATCGCCAACAGGAACTAAAGTCGCATCAAAAGCT ************************************ |
| g412_vio g423_contig1 | GTAATATCGGCAGCTTGGTAATTGGGTAACTAAAAAAACCAGCAGGAATAGAGTTACCA |

* *pall* and its promoter

| g423_contig1 g412_scaffold19 palI | TTCCAAAAACTTGTTTTTTGAACACCTGATACATCTGACAGCAATTCCATTATTTAAACA TTCCAAAAACTTGTTTTTTGAACACCTGATACATCTGACAGCAATTCCATTATTTAAACA |
|---|--|
| g423_contig1 g412_scaffold19 palI | ТТААТАААТТТСАGАТАСАСАТТАААААСАСТАСТТААСАGАТАСТТААGTTTAATTTTA ТТААТАААТТТСАGАТАСАСАТТАААААСАСТАСТТААСАGАТАСТТААGTTTAATTTTA |
| g423_contig1 g412_scaffold19 palI | AGAACTTTAATCAAATAAGAATTTGGAAGGTTTTTTAAATATAGATAAAACAAAAAGATA AGAACTTTAATCAAATAAGAATTTGGAAGGTTTTTTTAAATATAGATAAAACAAAAAGATA |
| g423_contig1 g412_scaffold19 palI | CCCTGTAACTTTTTACAGGTTTTGGGTACAAGATAGTTTGTTATAGTGATTTAAAAGAAA CCCTGTAACTTTTTACAGGTTTTGGGTACAAGATAGTTTGTTATAGTGATTTAAAAGAAA |
| g423_contig1 g412_scaffold19 palI | TGTAAATCAGAATAATTATTAATGAATCTCTATAACAATCAACTCTCATCTATTGATAAA TGTAAATCAGAATAATTATTAATGAATCTCTATAACAATCAACTCTCATCTATTGATAAA ATGAATCTCTATAACAATCAACTCTCTCATCTATTGATAAA ***************************** |
| g423_contig1 g412_scaffold19 palI | AGTAAAATTATTGCAATGCACCAATTAAGAGAAAAGGCTTTTTATAAACGCTTAAAATGG AGTAAAATTATTGCAATGCACCAATTAAGAGAAAAGGCTTTTTATAAACGCTTAAAATGG AGTAAAATTATTGCAATGCACCAATTAAGAGAAAAGGCTTTTTATAAACGCTTAAAATGG ****************************** |
| g423_contig1 g412_scaffold19 palI | CAAGTAGATAGTTTTAATGGTATGGAAAAAGATAAATTTGATAATA |
| g423_contig1 g412_scaffold19 palI | TTACTTGTCAAATCTCAATCAAATGAAGTAATAGGTTGTGCTAGATTAATTCCTACTGAT TTACTTGTCAAATCTCAATCAAATGAAGTAATAGGTTGTGCTAGATTAATTCCTACTGAT TTACTTGTCAAATCTCAATCAAATGAAGTAATAGGTTGTGCTAGATTAATTCCTACTGAT ********* |
| g423_contig1 g412_scaffold19 palI | CAAGATTACATGTTTAAAAACATATTTTCAGAACTTGCTAGAAATGAAGAAATCCCAGAA CAAGATTACATGTTTAAAAACATATTTTCAGAACTTGCTAGAAATGAAGAAATCCCAGAA CAAGATTACATGTTTAAAAACATATTTTCAGAACTTGCTAGAAATGAAGAAATCCCAGAA *********** |
| g423_contig1 g412_scaffold19 palI | AAATCAGATGTATGGGAAATAAGTCGATTTACATTAGATCGTACATTTGAACGAAACTAC AAATCAGATGTATGGGAAATAAGTCGATTTACATTAGATCGTACATTTGAACGAAACTAC AAATCAGATGTATGGGAAATAAGTCGATTTACATTAGATCGTACATTTGAACGAAACTAC *********** |
| g423_contig1 g412_scaffold19 palI | GATAATGGTGTAAGTAATATTACAAAAGAGATGTTTTCAGCTCTATACGAGTTTGCTATT GATAATGGTGTAAGTAATATTACAAAAGAGATGTTTTCAGCTCTATACGAGTTTGCTATT GATAATGGTGTAAGTAATATTACAAAAGAGATGTTTTCAGCTCTATACGAGTTTGCTATT ********************************** |
| g423_contig1 g412_scaffold19 palI | GCAAATTCAATCAATAATTTTGTCCTTGTAACTACAGTATCCTGTGAACGAATATTACGA GCAAATTCAATCAATAATTTTGTCCTTGTAACTACAGTATCCTGTGAACGAATATTACGA GCAAATTCAATCAATAATTTTGTCCTTGTAACTACAGTATCCTGTGAACGAATATTACGA ********* |
| g423_contig1 g412_scaffold19 pal1 | TTATTAGGTATTCCAACTCGACGCTTTGGGGATGGAATGTCAAGTAAACTAGGAAAAGTA TTATTAGGTATTCCAACTCGACGCTTTGGGGATGGAATGTCAAGTAAACTAGGAAAAGTA TTATTAGGTATTCCAACTCGACGCTTTGGGGATGGCAATGTCAAGTAAACTAGGAAAAGTA ***** |

| g423_contig1 g412_scaffold19 palI | GATTCTGTAGCATTATGGGTTGATATAAATGACTCTTATAAACAAGCCGTAAATTGCAAA GATTCTGTAGCATTATGGGTTGATATAAATGACTCTTATAAACAAGCCGTAAATTGCAAA GATTCTGTAGCATTATGGGTTGATATAAATGACTCTTATAAACAAGCCGTAAATTGCAAA ********************************** |
|---|--|
| g423_contig1 g412_scaffold19 palI | AAAATCAGTAATAATCAATATCTTATTGGTTGTTTATAAAAATTTGGACTGAGCCCAAGA AAAATCAGTAATAATCAATATCTTATTGGTTGTTTATAAAAATTTGGACTGAGCCCAAGA AAAATCAGTAATAATCAATATCTTATTGGTTGTTTATAA |
| g423_contig1 g412_scaffold19 palI | TAATTTCACAAAAAATATATTAAGCATTCTTTATCGCTAATTTTATATATTTAGAATCGG TAATTTCACAAAAAATATATTAAGCATTCTTTATCGCTAATTTTATATATTTAGAATCGG |

* *palR1* gene and its promoter

| g423_contig1 g412_scaffold1 palRl | GTCGTAATGAATTGTAATGAAGATGGTGGTCAAACGGTATATCACATCCACCTTCATATG GTCGTAATGAATTGTAATGAAGATGGTGGTCAAACGGTATATCACATCCACCTTCATATG |
|---|--|
| g423_contig1 g412_scaffold1 palRI | CTTGCAGGTAAAGAAATGGGCTGGCCGCCATATACAAATAATAAAAAAGTATTAATTTAA CTTGCAGGTAAAGAAATGGGCTGGCCGCCATATACAAATAATAAAAAAGTATTAATTTAA |
| g423_contig1 g412_scaffold1 palRI | АААТАААТТААААТААААGCAGCAAAAGAAACCCTAAAGTATTAGTTGAAACAAAAAACT АААТАААТТААААТААААGCAGCAAAAGAAACCCTAAAGTATTAGTTGAAACAAAAAAACT |
| g423_contig1 g412_scaffold1 palR1 | AATACTAAGGGTGTTATTTCTATGTTAAAGTTAGCCCTAATTTGAAATTTAGATACCTAT AATACTAAGGGTGTTATTTCTATGTTAAAGTTAGCCCTAATTTGAAATTTAGATACCTAT |
| g423_contig1 g412_scaffold1 palRl | TTGAAGACAACGAACAAATAGGTAAGGGTAATTAACATGAAAAGTACTGCTTTTATTCTA TTGAAGACAACGAACAAATAGGTAAGGGTAATTAACATGAAAAGTACTGCTTTTATTCTA ATGAAAAGTACTGCTTTTATTCTA **************************** |
| g423_contig1 g412_scaffold1 palR1 | CAAGAACCTAATCCAATTAATGATATAAGCTTAGATGTACTAGCGCCTTTATTAAAAAACC CAAGAACCTAATCCAATTAATGATATAAGCTTAGATGTACTAGCGCCCTTTATTAAAAAACC CAAGAACCTAATCCAATTAATGATATAAGCTTAGATGTACTAGCGCCCTTTATTAAAAAACC ********************** |
| g423_contig1 g412_scaffold1 palR1 | CAAGGATTGGAAGTTAAAAGTAGTACAGATACATCTGATATCCCTACTAATACTCGACTG CAAGGATTGGAAGTTAAAAGTAGTACAGATACATCTGATATCCCTACTAATACTCGACTG CAAGGATTGGAAGTTAAAAGTAGTACAGATACATCTGATATCCCTACTAATACTCGACTG ************************************ |
| g423_contig1 g412_scaffold1 palR1 | TTGTTTATTGAATCAGGTGAAGAAAATGCATGGGAGAAATTGCAAGCGAAAGTAGCTGCA TTGTTTATTGAATCAGGTGAAGAAAATGCATGGGAGAAATTGCAAGCGAAAGTAGCTGCA TTGTTTATTGAATCAGGTGAAGAAAATGCATGGGAGAAATTGCAAGCGAAAGTAGCTGCA ************************************ |
| g423_contig1 g412_scaffold1 palR1 | CTTACTTTTGAATGTGATATCGTATTATTTAATATTAGCCAAAATACTGAGCTTGCAAAT CTTACTTTTGAATGTGATATCGTATTATTTAATATTAGCCAAAATACTGAGCTTGCAAAT CTTACTTTTGAATGTGATATCGTATTATTTAATATTAGCCAAAATACTGAGCTTGCAAAT ********************************** |
| g423_contig1 g412_scaffold1 palR1 | CGTGCACTATTAAGTGGTATCCGAGGTGTATTTTATGCCAATGATAATGCTGATGTATTA CGTGCACTATTAAGTGGTATCCGAGGTGTATTTTATGCCAATGATAATGCTGATGTATTA CGTGCACTATTAAGTGGTATCCGAGGTGTATTTTATGCCAATGATAATGCTGATGTATTA ***************************** |
| g423_contig1 g412_scaffold1 palRI | ATGAAAGGTATCCGATTATTACTTGAAAACCAACTTTGGTACCGAAGAGATATTATGTGC ATGAAAGGTATCCGATTATTACTTGAAAACCAACTTTGGTACCGAAGAGATATTATGTGC ATGAAAGGTATCCGATTATTACTTGAAAACCAACTTTGGTACCGAAGAGATATTATGTGC ********************************** |
| g423_contig1 g412_scaffold1 palR1 | AATGCCTTAACTCGGTTATTACACTTTAATAAGGAAACAATCGCTAAGTTTACAGATGCG AATGCCTTAACTCGGTTATTACACTTTAATAAGGAAACAATCGCTAAGTTTACAGATGCG AATGCCTTAACTCGGTTATTACACTTTAATAAGGAAACAATCGCTAAGTTTACAGATGCG |

| g423_contig1 g412_scaffold1 palR1 | CCTGTAGAACCAGTGAACTTAACAAAGCGTGAACGTGCAATCATAACCTTGATGAGTACA CCTGTAGAACCAGTGAACTTAACAAAGCGTGAACGTGCAATCATAACCTTGATGAGTACA CCTGTAGAACCAGTGAACTTAACAAAGCGTGAACGTGCAATCATAACCTTGATGAGTACA *********************************** |
|---|---|
| g423_contig1 g412_scaffold1 palR1 | GGCAGTAAAAATAAAGAGATCGCCGACAAGTTAGATATCAGCCCTCATACAGTAAAAACA GGCAGTAAAAATAAAGAGATCGCCGACAAGTTAGATATCAGCCCTCATACAGTAAAAACA GGCAGTAAAAATAAAGAGATCGCCGACAAGTTAGATATCAGCCCTCATACAGTAAAAACA ******************************* |
| g423_contig1 g412_scaffold1 palR1 | CACTTATATAGTGCTTTTAGAAAAACAAAATGCCGCAATAGAATCGAGCTATTATCATGG CACTTATATAGTGCTTTTAGAAAAACAAAATGCCGCAATAGAATCGAGCTATTATCATGG CACTTATATAGTGCTTTTAGAAAAACAAAATGCCGCAATAGAATCGAGCTATTATCATGG *********************************** |
| g423_contig1 g412_scaffold1 palR1 | GCACAACATAACATTCCTAATGAATTAAGATAGTAATAAAATAAAAAACCAGCTTTAGCTG GCACAACATAACAT |
| g423_contig1 g412_scaffold1 palR1 | GTTTTTTATATCTACAACTTTATATAAAACCTTTGCCATACCAATTCTATTAAGCTAATT GTTTTTTATATCTACAACTTTATATAAAACCTTTGCCATACCAATTCTATTAAGCTAATT |

* *palR2* gene and its promoter

| g423_contig1 g412_scaffold15 palR2 | TTTAATGAAAGCTGAATATATTTTAAGTTTATTTAATTAA |
|--|---|
| g423_contig1 g412_scaffold15 palR2 | TAAATGAGAGCTTTTTGAATGAATGTAATTTTTTGTTTTTTATTAAATGCTGAATTGATTAT TAAATGAGAGCTTTTTGAATGAATGTAATTTTTGTTTTTTTT |
| g423_contig1 g412_scaffold15 palR2 | CTATTTTATGGGAGTGCGCTGATTTATACGAAAAATTGATTTAATTAA |
| g423_contig1 g412_scaffold15 palR2 | AAAACCCATAAGGGGTACATTTGTAATCACTGGATTACAATTAGGTTAGTGACAAATTAA AAAACCCATAAGGGGTACATTTGTAATCACTGGATTACAATTAGGTTAGTGACAAATTAA |
| g423_contig1 g412_scaffold15 palR2 | CAAAGGAAGCTTATGATCTCTACAGCAACAATAAATACAGCTTATATTGTTACATCAGAT CAAAGGAAGCTTATGATCTCTACAGCAACAATAAATACAGCTTATATTGTTACATCAGAT ATGATCTCTACAGCAACAATAAATACAGCTTATATTGTTACATCAGAT *********************************** |
| g423_contig1 g412_scaffold15 palR2 | GAGACTCTGCATAGCAGCTCTCATAAGGTAGCTTTAACTAGCTTTATCGGTTTAATAGCA GAGACTCTGCATAGCAGCTCTCATAAGGTAGCTTTAACTAGCTTTATCGGTTTAATAGCA GAGACTCTGCATAGCAGCTCTCATAAGGTAGCTTTAACTAGCTTTATCGGTTTAATAGCA *********************************** |
| g423_contig1 g412_scaffold15 palR2 | ACCTGTTCAAATAAGGTCCTCAAACAGAATAAGAGTGTTGATAATCAGTTTAATAAAATT ACCTGTTCAAATAAGGTCCTCAAACAGAATAAGAGTGTTGATAATCAGTTTTAATAAAATT ACCTGTTCAAATAAGGTCCTCAAACAGAATAAGAGTGTTGATAATCAGTTTTAATAAAATT ************************ |
| g423_contig1 g412_scaffold15 palR2 | GATGGAATATATTTTATTGATTTATTTATTGTAATTGGAACAACAAAATACCTGATGAT GATGGAATATATTTTATTGATTTATTTTAT |
| g423_contig1 g412_scaffold15 palR2 | ATTTTACAGTTAGCACAAAGGTCAAAAATTGTTTATTTAATGTCCAAAATGACCAGTTA ATTTTACAGTTAGCACAAAGGTCAAAAATTGTTTTATTTA |
| g423_contig1 g412_scaffold15 palR2 | TGCGAAAAAATTTATTGTTAGCGGGTTTTGAAGGTATTTTTTACCTTTCAGATAGACCC TGCGAAAAAAATTTATTGTTAGCGGGTTTTGAAGGTATTTTTTACCTTTCAGATAGACCC TGCGAAAAAAATTTATTGTTAGCGGGTTTTGAAGGTATTTTTTACCTTTCAGATAGACCC ********************************* |
| g423_contig1 g412_scaffold15 palR2 | GATCTTATATTAAGAGGGTTAAACCAAATTAAAAATAATGAACGTTGGTTTAAACGCTCA GATCTTATATTAAGAGGGTTAAACCAAATTAAAAATAATGAACGTTGGTTTAAACGCTCA GATCTTATATTAAGAGGGGTTAAACCAAATTAAAAATAATGAACGTTGGTTTAAACGCTCA ****************** |
| g423_contig1 g412_scaffold15 palR2 | TCAATGAATAATGCTTTTTCATATTTACTAAAGTCAAATAAAGCTTCAATATCACCTTCC TCAATGAATAATGCTTTTTCATATTTACTAAAGTCAAATAAAGCTTCAATATCACCTTCC TCAATGAATAATGCTTTTTCATATTTACTAAAGTCAAATAAAGCTTCAATATCACCTTCC ********************** |

| g423_contig1 g412_scaffold15 palR2 | AATAGCATCACAGGAAAATCTGTATTTCCAACGCTTACTAAACGTGAAAATACAATTATT AATAGCATCACAGGAAAATCTGTATTTCCAACGCTTACTAAACGTGAAAATACAATTATT AATAGCATCACAGGAAAATCTGTATTTCCAACGCTTACTAAACGTGAAAATACAATTATT ************************* |
|--|---|
| g423_contig1 g412_scaffold15 palR2 | АААТТАGTGACAAAAGGGTCTCAAAATCAAGAAATAGCTGATCAACTAAATATAAGTACA АААТТАGTGACAAAAGGGTCTCAAAATCAAGAAATAGCTGATCAACTAAATATAAGTACA АААТТАGTGACAAAAGGGTCTCAAAATCAAGAAATAGCTGATCAACTAAATATAAGTACA *********************************** |
| g423_contig1 g412_scaffold15 palR2 | AATACGGTTAAAACCCATATTTATAGTATTTTTAGAAAGACTAAATCACGAAATCGTATT AATACGGTTAAAACCCATATTTATAGTATTTTTAGAAAGACTAAATCACGAAATCGTATT AATACGGTTAAAACCCATATTTATAGTATTTTTAGAAAGACTAAATCACGAAATCGTATT ********************************** |
| g423_contig1 g412_scaffold15 palR2 | GAATTAATTACTTGGTCTTTACAATCATCAGGCCATTTAGATGCAGCCATTAATTA |
| g423_contig1 g412_scaffold15 palR2 | TTAAAGTAGCAACTAAATGCTACTTTTAATCTCGCTTATTTAT |

* *palR3* gene and its promoter

| g423_contig1 g412_scaffold19 palR3 | TCTAAAGCGCTTTTAACTCCCGTTGAATGGGAAGTTAATTAGTACAATTGGCATAACTTA TCTAAAGCGCTTTTAACTCCCGTTGAATGGGAAGTTAATTAGTACAATTGGCATAACTTA |
|--|--|
| g423_contig1 g412_scaffold19 palR3 | AATTAATAAATCACATCTTGCTTATCTAAAACTTCTATAAAATTAGAATACCTTTTTTT AATTAATAAATCACATCTTGCTTATCTAAAACTTCTATAAAATTAGAATACCTTTTTTTT |
| g423_contig1 g412_scaffold19 palR3 | GAATTAATATTTTATATAGAATCAATAAATTATAAATATTGTATTAGTAATTAAAATGTT GAATTAATATTTTATATAGAATCAATAAATTATAAATATTGTATTAGTAATTAAAATGTT |
| g423_contig1 g412_scaffold19 palR3 | ATTTAAACGTAAATAACACTGTTAAGAAAATCGTTTTTAGGTACAATAATGATAGCGCTG ATTTAAACGTAAATAACACTGTTAAGAAAATCGTTTTTAGGTACAATAATGATAGCGCTG |
| g423_contig1 g412_scaffold19 palR3 | TCATTTCTGTGGCGCTAGTCTTATATTGAAGATAATAAAAGGGTTATATAAAATAATGCA TCATTTCTGTGGCGCTAGTCTTATATTGAAGATAATAAAAGGGTTATATAAAATAATGCA ATGCA ***** |
| g423_contig1 g412_scaffold19 palR3 | GTACAGTTGGTTAAATGGAATTATTGAAGGAATTAAACAAAGTAAAAATATAGACGATAT GTACAGTTGGTTAAATGGAATTATTGAAGGAATTAAACAAAGTAAAAATATAGACGATAT GTACAGTTGGTTAAATGGAATTATTGAAGGAATTAAACAAAGTAAAAATATAGACGATAT ***************** |
| g423_contig1 g412_scaffold19 palR3 | AAAATCTCAATGTGAAGCAATATGTCGTGCATTAGAAATTGATTTTTATTCGTTTGTAAT AAAATCTCAATGTGAAGCAATATGTCGTGCATTAGAAATTGATTTTTATTCGTTTGTAAT AAAATCTCAATGTGAAGCAATATGTCGTGCATTAGAAATTGATTTTTATTCGTTTGTAAT ****************************** |
| g423_contig1 g412_scaffold19 palR3 | TAGGATACCAAGTTCACTTTTTAGCCCCGAAATTATTACATTATCTAATTACCCTCAATT TAGGATACCAAGTTCACTTTTTAGCCCCGAAATTATTACATTATCTAATTACCCTCAATT TAGGATACCAAGTTCACTTTTTAGCCCCCGAAATTATTACATTATCTAATTACCCTCAATT ********** |
| g423_contig1 g412_scaffold19 palR3 | ATGGCAAGAACATTATTTTTCTCAAGAGTTTATGAGTTTAGACCCTGTTATAGCGTATAG ATGGCAAGAACATTATTTTTCTCAAGAGTTTATGAGTTTAGACCCTGTTATAGCGTATAG ATGGCAAGAACATTATTTTTCTCAAGAGTTTATGAGTTTAGACCCTGTTATAGCGTATAG ********************************* |
| g423_contig1 g412_scaffold19 palR3 | TCAACAACATATAACTCCAGTAAATTGGAGTGACTTAACTAAC |
| g423_contig1 g412_scaffold19 palR3 | CCCAAAAAATTAACGGTGTTAAAAGAGGCAAAAACTTATGGGTTATGCACTGGGGTCAG CCCAAAAAATTAACGGTGTTAAAAGAGGGCAAAAACTTATGGGTTATGCACTGGGGTCAG CCCAAAAAATTAACGGTGTTAAAAGAGGGCAAAAACTTATGGGTTATGCACTGGGGTCAG ************ |
| g423_contig1 g412_scaffold19 palR3 | TATTCCACTTAAAGCTCCAACAGGTGAAATGAGTGTTTTTAGTTTGTCTTCGACGTCTCA TATTCCACTTAAAGCTCCAACAGGTGAAATGAGTGTTTTTAGTTTGTCTTCGACGTCTCA TATTCCACTTAAAGCTCCAACAGGTGAAATGAGTGTTTTTAGTTTGTCTTCGACGTCTCA ********************************** |

| g423_contig1 | AAGGTGTGTGATAACTGAGTGCCAGATAAATATACAATTACAAGCGCAAGTGATTGCTCC |
|-----------------|---|
| g412 scaffold19 | AAGGTGTGTGATAACTGAGTGCCAGATAAATATACAATTACAAGCGCAAGTGATTGCTCC |
| palR3 | AAGGTGTGTGATAACTGAGTGCCAGATAAATATACAATTACAAGCGCAAGTGATTGCTCC |
| - | *************************************** |
| g423 contig1 | ATATCTTCATGAAGCCATTAAAATAATTAATTATAAGGCAAAAGAGATACTGAGCCATGA |
| g412_scaffold19 | ATATCTTCATGAAGCCATTAAAATAATTAATTAATAAGGCAAAAGAGATACTGAGCCATGA |
| palR3 | ATATCTTCATGAAGCCATTAAAATAATTAATTATAAGGCAAAAGAGATACTGAGCCATGA |
| - | *************************************** |
| g423 contig1 | TGAGGTTAAAATAACTAATAGGGAAGAGGAGTGCTTATTGTGGGCCTGTGAAGGGAAAAC |
| g412 scaffold19 | TGAGGTTAAAATAACTAATAGGGAAGAGGAGTGCTTATTGTGGGCCTGTGAAGGGAAAAC |
| palR3 | TGAGGTTAAAATAACTAATAGGGAAGAGGAGTGCTTATTGTGGGCCTGTGAAGGGAAAAC |
| - | *************************************** |
| g423 contig1 | AAGCTGGGAGATTTCTAAAATAATAGGTATATCTGAAAGAACTGTGCTTTTTCATTTAAA |
| g412_scaffold19 | AAGCTGGGAGATTTCTAAAATAATAGGTATATCTGAAAGAACTGTGCTTTTTCATTTAAA |
| palR3 | AAGCTGGGAGATTTCTAAAATAATAGGTATATCTGAAAGAACTGTGCTTTTTCATTTAAA |
| - | *************************************** |
| g423 contig1 | TAATGTAAGCCAAAAAGTAGGGGGTGTAAATAGGCAACACAGTGTAGCTAAAGCCCTTTT |
| g412 scaffold19 | TAATGTAAGCCAAAAAGTAGGGGGGTGTAAATAGGCAACACAGTGTAGCTAAAGCCCTTTT |
| palR3 | TAATGTAAGCCAAAAAGTAGGGGGGTGTAAATAGGCAACACAGTGTAGCTAAAGCCCTTTT |
| - | *************************************** |
| g423_contig1 | AAATGGACTTATTCAGCCTAAGTTTTAATGAATTGTTATCGTTTTATTTA |
| g412_scaffold19 | AAATGGACTTATTCAGCCTAAGTTTTAATGAATTGTTATCGTTTTATTTA |
| palR3 | AAATGGACTTATTCAGCCTAAGTTTTAA |
| | * |

* *palR4* gene and its promoter

| g423_contig1 g412_scaffold51_Rv palR4 | CAGATAATGTGACTTTTATGTGATTTTCATAAAAGTCATATCGTTATTATTGTTTT CAGATAATGTGACTTTTATGTGATTTTCATAAAAGTCATATCGTTATTATTGTTTT | | |
|---|---|--|--|
| g423_contig1 g412_scaffold51_Rv palR4 | ТТТТАТТТАТТТАААGTTATTCCTGTTTTTATTAAATATTTATAGGGTGCAACAAATAAT ТТТТАТТТАТТТАААGTTATTCCTGTTTTTATTAAATATTTATAGGGTGCAACAAATAAT | | |
| g423_contig1 g412_scaffold51_Rv palR4 | GAAATCATTAAATTTATTAATAATTTTAACTGCAGTTTTTACAATGAACTTAGTTTTACT GAAATCATTAAATTTATTAATAATTTTAACTGCAGTTTTTACAATGAACTTAGTTTTACT | | |
| g423_contig1 g412_scaffold51_Rv palR4 | AGATTCTATTTTAATCTCTGAAACAGATTCTATTTCTCCTTTTAGTGTTTGTAAGATATT AGATTCTATTTTAATCTCTGAAACAGATTCTATTTCTCCTTTTAGTGTTTGTAAGATATT | | |
| g423_contig1 g412_scaffold51_Rv palR4 | AGATACATGCAAAAAGGAAGGGTAATTCTTAAAATTTGTGAGTTGGGGTTAACATGCAGT AGATACATGCAAAAAGGAAGGGTAATTCTTAAAATTTGTGAGTTGGGGTTAACATGCAGT ATGCAGT ******* | | |
| g423_contig1 g412_scaffold51_Rv palR4 | ACATCGAAAGCTTAATTAAAGAAATTAACTGTATTGATTCTAAAGAGCAGTTAGTT | | |
| g423_contig1 g412_scaffold51_Rv palR4 | TCTTTGAAAAAGTAACTGATTTATTTAATTATAAATGGTCTGGTTTAGTCATTTTCAAAC TCTTTGAAAAAGTAACTGATTTATTTAATTATAAATGGTCTGGTTTAGTCATTTTCAAAC TCTTTGAAAAAGTAACTGATTTATTTAATTATAAATGGTCTGGTTTAGTCATTTTCAAAC *************************** | | |
| g423_contig1 g412_scaffold51_Rv palR4 | CAAAATTGAATAATAAATATGAAGTGAGTGTTCTTGGTAATATACCTATAAACATGCAAG CAAAATTGAATAATAATATGAAGTGAGTGTTCTTGGTAATATACCTATAAACATGCAAG CAAAATTGAATAATAAATATGAAGTGAGTGTTCTTGGTAATATACCTATAAACATGCAAG ********************************** | | |
| g423_contig1 g412_scaffold51_Rv palR4 | АААGААТААААААААGCATAGATATAAGTGATTATTGTTTAAATGAGATAGAACCAAAAT АААGAATAAAAAAAAGCATAGATATAAGTGATTATTGTTTAAATGAGATAGAACCAAAAT АААGAATAAAAAAAAGCATAGATATAAGTGATTATTGTTTAAATGAGATAGAACCAAAAT ****************************** | | |
| g423_contig1 g412_scaffold51_Rv palR4 | CTTTAGTTATTAAAGGTAAAGCATCAATTGAAAGTAATAATCTTGAAATTTTGGTTATAC CTTTAGTTATTAAAGGTAAAGCATCAATTGAAAGTAATAATCTTGAAATTTTGGTTATAC CTTTAGTTATTAAAGGTAAAGCATCAATTGAAAGTAATAATCTTGAAATTTTGGTTATAC ********************************* | | |
| g423_contig1 g412_scaffold51_Rv palR4 | CTATTAACGGTGTGGGATCTGAATTTGCTTGTTTAACTTTTTTATTAAACTCAGAAAAAC CTATTAACGGTGTGGGATCTGAATTTGCTTGTTTAACTTTTTTATTAAACTCAGAAAAAA CTATTAACGGTGTGGGATCTGAATTTGCTTGTTTAACTTTTTTTATTAAACTCAGAAAAAA ****************************** | | |
| g423_contig1 g412_scaffold51_Rv palR4 | AAAGAGGGTTGGTAGTTGAAAAAATAGGCTGGTTTTGGCTAATGTTATCTTCATTTATCT AAAGAGGGTTGGTAGTTGAAAAAATAGGCTGGTTTTGGCTAATGTTATCTTCATTTATCT AAAGAGGGTTGGTAGTTGAAAAAATAGGCTGGTTTTGGCTAATGTTATCTTCATTTATCT ********** | | |

| g423_contig1 g412_scaffold51_Rv palR4 | ATAATAAATACAAAAAAGAAATAGCAGATGATAGTCATAAAATGACTAAAAGAGAATTGG ATAATAAATACAAAAAAGAAATAGCAGATGATAGTCATAAAATGACTAAAAGAGAATTGG ATAATAAATACAAAAAAGAAATAGCAGATGATAGTCATAAAATGACTAAAAGAGAATTGG ************************* |
|---|---|
| g423_contig1 g412_scaffold51_Rv palR4 | AATGTATTAAATGGGCCTCAGATGGCAAAACTTCATGGGAAATTAGTCAGTTATTGTCTA AATGTATTAAATGGGCCTCAGATGGCAAAACTTCATGGGAAATTAGTCAGTTATTGTCTA AATGTATTAAATGGGCCTCAGATGGCAAAACTTCATGGGAAATTAGTCAGTTATTGTCTA *********************************** |
| g423_contig1 g412_scaffold51_Rv palR4 | TCAGTCAAAGAACTGTTGATTTTCATTTAGCTAACTGCATAGTAAAAACAGATAGTATTA TCAGTCAAAGAACTGTTGATTTTCATTTAGCTAACTGCATAGTAAAAACAGATAGTATTA TCAGTCAAAGAACTGTTGATTTTCATTTAGCTAACTGCATAGTAAAAACAGATAGTATTA **************************** |
| g423_contig1 g412_scaffold51_Rv palR4 | ACCGACAGCAAGCAATTGTTAAATGTGCTTTAAATGGTCATTTATTAGTATAGCTAAAGT ACCGACAGCAAGCAATTGTTAAATGTGCTTTAAATGGTCATTTATTAGTATAGCTAAAGT ACCGACAGCAAGCAATTGTTAAATGTGCTTTAAATGGGTCATTTATTAGTATAG ************ |
| g423_contig1 g412_scaffold51_Rv palR4 | GCATTAAGCTAAAGCAAGTAATTGTTTTAGCTTTATTATTATTATGATAACTATGCATTAG GCATTAAGCTAAAGCAAGTAATTGTTTTAGCTTTATTATTATTATGATAACTATGCATTAG |

* *palR5* gene and its promoter

| g412_scaffold56 contig1_1264000_1267000 palR5 | GCCCAATTGCATCGCCAGATATGATCCAATGGTCACCTGGTTTACCAAAAACCCCGCTCAG GCCCAATTGCATCGCCAGATATGATCCAATGGTCACCTGGTTTACCAAAAACCCCGCTCAG |
|---|--|
| g412_scaffold56 contig1_1264000_1267000 palR5 | GTAAGATTATGCGTCGTATTTTACGTAAAATAGCTGCAAATGAACATCAACAATTAGGTG GTAAGATTATGCGTCGTATTTTACGTAAAATAGCTGCAAATGAACATCAACAATTAGGTG |
| g412_scaffold56 contig1_1264000_1267000 palR5 | ATACTTCAACACTTGCAGATCCTACGGTAGTTGAAGAGTTAATTGAAAACCGTCTTAATC ATACTTCAACACTTGCAGATCCTACGGTAGTTGAAGAGTTAATTGAAAACCGTCTTAATC |
| g412_scaffold56 contig1_1264000_1267000 palR5 | GTTAATAGCTTGCTTAAGTATTAATTAAATGAGTAGTATAATGGCTGTTGTCTAACTGAG GTTAATAGCTTGCTTAAGTATTAATTAAATGAGTAGTATAATGGCTGTTGTCTAACTGAG |
| g412_scaffold56 contig1_1264000_1267000 palR5 | ATAACAGCCATTTTTTTAGGAGTAAACTATGAGCAAGTTTTTGATAGCGGATGATCACCC ATAACAGCCATTTTTTTAGGAGTAAACTATGAGCAAGTTTTTGATAGCGGATGATCACCC ATGAGCAAGTTTTTGATAGCGGATGATCACCC ******************************** |
| g412_scaffold56 contig1_1264000_1267000 palR5 | TTTATTTCGTGAAGCATTAAAAGGAGCGCTTCAGAACGCTTTTAGTGAGCTGGCTG |
| g412_scaffold56 contig1_1264000_1267000 palR5 | TGAGTCCGATAACTTCAAATCCACCCTTGAAATTTTAGCAAAAGAAGATGATCTAGATAT TGAGTCCGATAACTTCAAATCCACCCTTGAAATTTTAGCAAAAGAAGATGATCTAGATAT TGAGTCCGATAACTTCAAATCCACCCTTGAAATTTTAGCAAAAGAAGATGATCTAGATAT ********* |
| g412_scaffold56 contig1_1264000_1267000 palR5 | CTTATTGTTAGATCTACATATGCCGGGTAATGATGATTATATGGCTTAATTAGGATCCG CTTATTGTTAGATCTACATATGCCGGGTAATGATGATTTATATGGCTTAATTAGGATCCG CTTATTGTTAGATCTACATATGCCGGGTAATGATGATTTATATGGCTTAATTAGGATCCG *********************************** |
| g412_scaffold56 contig1_1264000_1267000 palR5 | TGAAGATCACCCAGAACTGCCTATTGCAGTGGTATCAGGCAGTGAAGAAATCAGTGTTGT TGAAGATCACCCAGAACTGCCTATTGCAGTGGTATCAGGCAGTGAAGAAATCAGTGTTGT TGAAGATCACCCAGAACTGCCTATTGCAGTGGTATCAGGCAGTGAAGAAATCAGTGTTGT ******************************* |
| g412_scaffold56 contig1_1264000_1267000 palR5 | ATCTAAAGTGATGGCATATGGCGCATTGGGTTTTATCCCTAAATCCTTATCATCGGTAGA ATCTAAAGTGATGGCATATGGCGCATTGGGTTTTATCCCTAAATCCTTATCATCGGTAGA ATCTAAAGTGATGGCATATGGCGCATTGGGTTTTATCCCTAAATCCTTATCATCGGTAGA ********************************* |
| g412_scaffold56 contig1_1264000_1267000 palR5 | GATTGCTGTTGCAATTAATGAAATATTAGAAGGCGAAACTTGGTTACCTGAAACAATGAA GATTGCTGTTGCAATTAATGAAATATTAGAAGGCGAAACTTGGTTACCTGAAACAATGAA GATTGCTGTTGCAATTAATGAAATATTAGAAGGCGAAACTTGGTTACCTGAAACAATGAA ********************************* |
| g412_scaffold56 contig1_1264000_1267000 palR5 | AGATAAGGTCAATCAATTATCAGGAGATGAAGTTAAAGTGGCGACACAAGTTGCATCTTT AGATAAGGTCAATCAATTATCAGGAGATGAAGTTAAAGTGGCGACACAAGTTGCATCTTT AGATAAGGTCAATCAATTATCAGGAGATGAAGTTAAAGTGGCGACACAAGTTGCATCTTT ******************************** |

| g412_scaffold56 contig1_1264000_1267000 palR5 | AACACCACAACAATATAAAGTGTTGAGTTATTTGCATGAAGGTCTATTGAATAAACAGAT AACACCACAACAATATAAAGTGTTGAGTTATTTGCATGAAGGTCTATTGAATAAACAGAT AACACCACAACAATATAAAGTGTTGAGTTATTTGCATGAAGGTCTATTGAATAAACAGAT *********************************** |
|---|--|
| g412_scaffold56 contig1_1264000_1267000 palR5 | TGCATATGAATTAAATATCTCTGAAGCAACGGTTAAAGCGCATATTACTGCTATTTTCAG TGCATATGAATTAAATATCTCTGAAGCAACGGTTAAAGCGCATATTACTGCTATTTTCAG TGCATATGAATTAAATATCTCTGAAGCAACGGTTAAAGCGCATATTACTGCTATTTTCAG ************************************ |
| g412_scaffold56 contig1_1264000_1267000 palR5 | AAAGTTAGGTGTTTATAATCGCACTCAAGCGGTATTGATTG |
| g412_scaffold56 contig1_1264000_1267000 palR5 | ATCGCCAGTAGAGGCTTAAAAATGTGCTAAAGTTTAATTATCCCCGAACTGTAATCGGGG ATCGCCAGTAGAGGCTTAAAAATGTGCTAAAGTTTAATTATCCCCGAACTGTAATCGGGG ATCGCCAGTAGAGGCTTAA |
| g412_scaffold56 contig1_1264000_1267000 palR5 | ATATGTTTATTACATTCTCTTACTTAAACACTACCGTTTTATTACCATTAACAAACA |

| Name of medium, reagent | | Composition | |
|--|-------------|---------------------------------------|----------|
| | | Tryptone | 10.0 g/L |
| | | Yeast extract | 5.0 g/L |
| LB medium | | NaCl | 10.0 g/L |
| (pH 7.0) | | Agar | 15.0 g/L |
| PPFS-II medium | | Polypeptone | 2.0 g/L |
| | | Proteose Peptone | 1.0 g/L |
| (pH 7 8) | | No.3 | |
| (pii 7.8) | | Soytone Peptone | 1.0 g/L |
| | | Yeast Extract | 1.0 g/L |
| | | Ferric Citrate | 0.1 g/L |
| AB minimal | Solution 1 | K ₂ HPO ₄ | 60.0 g/L |
| medium * | (S1) | NaH2PO4 | 20.0 g/L |
| S1: 50 ml | | NH4Cl | 20.0 g/L |
| S2: 50 ml | | MgSO4 · 7H2O | 6.0 g/L |
| S3: 10 ml | Solution 2 | KCl | 3.0 g/L |
| H ₂ O: 890 ml | (S2) | CaCl2 · 2H2O | 0.2 g/L |
| *: S1, S2, S3 are | | FeSO ₄ · 7H ₂ O | 0.05 g/L |
| autoclaved | Glucose | Glucose | 20% |
| separately | (S3) | | |
| Ampicillin stock solution | | Ampicillin | 5 g |
| 100 r | ng/ml | | |
| (filter-sterilized, stored at -20 °C) | | Distilled water | to 50 ml |
| Kanamycin stock solution | | Kanamycin sulfate | 2.5 g |
| 50 mg/ml | | | |
| (filter-sterilized, stored at -20 °C) | | Distilled water | to 50 ml |
| Gentamicin stock solution | | Gentamicin sulfate | 5.0 mg |
| 5 mg/ml | | | |
| (filter-sterilized, stored at -20 °C) | | Distilled water | to 1 ml |

REAGENTS PREPARATION